THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., MONDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 103

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR ALDERMAN—I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman of the Seventh Ward at the January election next.
W. L. STEWART.
dec19

FOR ALDERMAN OF THE THIRD WARD I announce JAMES O. DURFF, the regular nominee by acclamation of the citizens of the above Ward.
dec15

FOR ALDERMAN.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Alderman from the First ward, at the ensuing municipal election.
HUGH NOTT.
dec15*

TO THE VOTERS OF THE SIXTH WARD. By request of many Republicans, I announce myself as an Independent candidate for Alderman of the Sixth Ward. Election 7th of January, 1869. If elected, will study the Interest of my ward and the city in general.
E. J. COMER.
dec7

TO the Voters of the Eighth Ward: Honored to serve, since its being designated by your unsolicited suffrages as a representative in the board of Aldermen, and conscious of a near approach on my part to fulfill the candid pledges which circumstances of the duties and responsibilities of the position, I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election.
W. H. PASSMORE.
dec11

FOR ALDERMAN OF THE SIXTH WARD.—EDITOR APPEAL: Being a citizen, but only a few months, and as my friends in here and about the ward, a fine solicitation of "Many Voters" if elected my aim will be to subserve the interests of the city.
H. M. JAMES.
dec19

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—A very desirable BRICK RESIDENCE, convenient to business. Apply to Mrs. BROWN, No. 18 Mulberry street.
dec18

FOR RENT.—A neat one-story COTTAGE, with seven rooms and kitchen, large shady yard, garden and stable, situated in a select neighborhood on Mayburn avenue, near Jackson street. Possession from 1st January. Terms, $30 a month. Apply to Dr. GILBERT, 37 South side court Square.
d 18tf

VALUABLE FARM FOR RENT.—The Richardson Farm, on the Missis ippi river, four miles below Randolph, Tenn., will be rented cheap for the year 1869 to a responsible party. The farm contains four hundred and thirty-two acres of land in cultivation and under a good fence, and has four dwellings thereupon. Apply to GAGE & FISHER, No. 208 Front street, or to J. R. PALMER, Covington, Tenn.
dec8 2w

FOR RENT.—Office and Rooms in the Post-office and Union Buildings, on the corner of Jefferson and Third streets. A Night Watchman and Gas man in the building. In case of fire, WICKERSHAM & Co. second floor, Postoffice Building.
dec5w

FOR RENT.—A Residence on Vance street, No. 486, opposite the St. Agnes Academy and the premises of the street cars. Contains eight rooms besides kitchen and extra large room; two good cisterns, stable, fruit trees, etc. For terms apply to COALMAN BOYD,
dec1 tf 28 Main street.

FOR RENT.—Main Street Stores and excellent Offices for rent—the latter, first and second Floors and Sleeping Rooms, moderate to prompt tenants. W. A. Wheatley, 280 Main.
nov13 tf Agent, P. C. BEHELER.

FOR RENT.—Front room in the house, No. 41 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN ALDRICH, at the Appeal office.
oct7

FOR SALE.

LAND FOR SALE.—A tract of 87 acres, lying opposite Gray's Station, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad; sold by John D. Martin to J. A. Whitehead. It is about 18 miles from Memphis, and a fine site for a country residence. Inquire of THOS. WICKERSHAM, Postoffice Building, Memphis.
d 20 2w

For Sale.

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19th, I will sell, to the highest bidder, at Marion's depot, a tract of Land containing 412 Acres, situated in Tipton county, two miles north of Mason's Depot. Terms made known at time of sale.
H. R. and J. L. SHERROD,
nov18 lawiw w Administrators.

STONEWALL FOR SALE.

OWING to the failing health of JAMES STEWAR (who has been in charge of the premises as manager and partner for the last seven years), STONEWALL, a farm embracing about 1200 acres of the choice portion of the estate of the late DAVID CRAIGHEAD, situated in the bend of Island No. 94, Arkansas side, is now offered for sale.

There are on the place about 150 acres cleared, and cleared, and now in cotton and corn; one hundred acres in fine cypress timber, to which from the bank of the river, in complete running order, a railway provided with railway cars, convenient for bringing lumber for shipment. The balance of the land is heavily timbered with oak, ash, walnut, cottonwood, etc. It is well levied and a large portion of the tract is entirely above the highest floods. The estate is on the place comfortable houses, negro quarters, gin and cotton press, barns, stables a fine apple and a peach orchard, and everything in complete running order. A number of rail s le hands, who have been on the place for years, are to main employed by the purchaser, so much, more, stock hands, corn sufficient to work the land, at about $40. Those latter, it will be desirable to dispose of to the purchaser of the land.

For further particulars apply to
JA. E. CRAIGHEAD, on the Premises.
R. W. DAVIS, 262 Front Street, Memphis.
CRAIGHEAD, BREANT & GIBSON,
dec1 1m Real Estate Agents, Memphis, Tenn.

St. Louis Republican and Cincinnati Commercial (Daily) copy one month, and send bill to D. P. Hall & Co., 52 Front street, Memphis.

WANTS

WANTED, A lady, with no children desires to rent a first-class furnished house, with the view of taking one or two select families with no children; also, about four gentlemen as table boarders, those who are permanent residents in the city. Parties desiring housekeeping will find this a good opportunity, as the lady is an experienced housekeeper, and will only ask for rent to cover actual fuel stable and supply. Best of reference given and required. Address A. Z. care P. O. for three days.
dec19 2t*

WANTED.—A good COOK. Apply to room No. 7 Waldran Block, No. 40 Main, dec15t

TEACHER WANTED.—To take charge of the Male Academy at Bolivar, Hardeman county, Tenn., as Principal, the position having become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent. The Academy Building are commodious, and the school liberally supported. Address
A. P. McNEAL,
dec10 * Secretary Board Trustees.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Memphis Board of Underwriters, held this day, the following resolution was adopted and ordered to be published, to wit:

Resolved, That no policy shall be written by any member of this Board allowing coton to be kept in stores at night; and any policy hereafter written shall be considered void, should a fire occur when cot on is stored in violation of this resolution.

BEN MAY, President.
R. A. PARKER, Secretary. dec7 1w

NOTICE.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Jacksonport, Jackson county, Arkansas, until the first day of January, 1869, for the erection of a BRICK COURT HOUSE, with iron window caps and sills, iron cornice, stairways and balconies, slate and tin roof. The size of said building 50 by 70 feet, with center project one on each side and end, of two by fifteen feet, carried up with dormitories; to be two stories high, with mansard or French roof, to fire and dome.

Plan and specifications can be seen at this office. Three annual payments, to be made according to the progress of the work, and the house is to be completed by the first of January, 1870, and the payments to be made according to the reports of the Internal Improvement Commissioner to the court.

RILEY KINMAN,
dec2 1m Sheriff of Jackson County, Ark.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of my entire interest in the firms of Matthews, Judson & Co., and Judson & Co. to the remaining partners, I am no longer a member thereof. They assume all the indebtedness of said firms, and are alone authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.

R. G. MATTHEWS.
Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 28, 1868.

The business of said firms will continue as heretofore by the undersigned, remaining partners under the name and style of JUDSON & CO., who assume the liabilities of said firms, and who alone are authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.

A. B. JUDSON,
T. H. JUDSON.
J. C. ALEXANDER.
Memphis, November 28, 1868.

In retiring from said firms I respectfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends.
nov29 1m R. G. MATTHEWS.
Ledger, Bulletin and Footcopy.

NOTICE.—I have a Tract of Land, 40 acres, near the Old State Line road, 9 miles from Memphis, well improved, with a good young Orchard of Peaches, Apples, Pears and Cherries, an extra fine Well of Water, which I wish to sell for cash. Title perfect. Is in an excellent neighborhood, near Mr. J. Smith and Gen. C. Holmes. Inquire on the premises, or of Norment & Graves, No. 4 Howard's Row.
dec10 1m dew ROBT. W. NORMENT.

BY TELEGRAPH

[FROM OUR SUNDAY'S EDITION.]

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—Mr. Pomeroy introduced a bill to provide for the reassembling of the Constitutional Convention of Georgia, and instructing it to amend the Constitution so as to place beyond all possibility of doubt, the right of every citizen of the State, black or white, to hold office. The bill requires the assembling of the Convention within thirty days after its passage, and provides that this amendment shall become part of the Constitution upon its approval by Congress. The bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Harlan offered a resolution requesting the Judiciary Committee to report a bill for the appointment of Representatives in Congress in accordance with Section 2 of the 14th Amendment. Adopted.

Mr Howe offered a resolution which was adopted, requesting the President to inform the Senate whether any rent had been paid for Libby prison, to whom and by what authority.

Mr Sprague offered a resolution which was adopted, directing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the expediency of allowing the importation, free of duty, of firearms, to be again exported, after the necessary American improvement.

Mr. Chandler moved to take up the House bill fixing the duty on copper, which, after a discussion, was lost by 22 to 25.

Mr. Nye presented the credentials of Mr. Gilbert, member elect from Florida, which were tabled.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, offered a resolution requesting the President to inform the Senate whether any instructions had been given in the proceedings instituted to prevent the payment of Laird & Co., builders of the Alabama, for the proceeds of the steamer Wren, built by them for the Confederate Government, and now in the hands of the Assistant Treasurer at New York, and to secure the payment of the proceeds of said steamer to the owners of vessels destroyed by the Alabama.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 19.—The steamer Havana or Marion is again in trouble, the Collector having threatened seizure on the ground of violation of law, in not exhibiting proper papers when cleared for, and that the change of flag was bogus. The facts relative to the matter are that the vessel was purchased in New York by the Peruvian Government, the owners contracting to deliver her at Southwest Pass, or wherever the Peruvian modiors might be, and upon her arrival at Southwest Pass, the transfer was made and the Peruvian flag hoisted, her former Captain remaining on her as sailing master, and her American register being sent to New York for cancellation; and Senor Garcia has been notified by her former owners that her register was cancelled. It was not intended to bring the vessel to this city, but while lying at Southwest Pass her machinery became necessary, and she came here under the Peruvian flag, and has since been the victim of continued misfortune, having caused a misunderstanding between Minister Garcia and Collector Fuller. Yesterday the Custom officer boarded the Havana, and demanded to see her papers, to which the Captain replied that she belonged to the Peruvian navy, and had no papers to exhibit, and referred the officer to Minister Garcia. The latter has received no official communication in reference to the matter, though he has notified the Custom authorities that the Havana belonged to his Government, and of his readiness to answer any charges against her. The whole trouble originated in her coming here. Had she remained at Southwest Pass no notice would have been taken of her.

Collector Fullerton states that charges have been prefered against the vessel of violating the law, amongst others, that powder had been landed from her in the night, and the law compelled him to seize her unless her papers were produced and found to be regular. He, however, has referred the matter to the authorities at Washington, and will take no further steps unless under advices from them. The vessel's manifest states that she cleared for Southwest Pass.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, December 19.—A resolution guaranteeing immunity from arrest for words spoken in debate, has been rejected by a small majority in the Upper House.

LONDON, December 19.—The impending troubles with Turkey excite distrust in financial circles. There is a general falling off in monied values, and the distrust is only increased by the reassurances of the French peers. It is the general opinion that Russia is not in earnest in her remonstrances. The London papers urge the Great Powers to make a final remonstrance with Greece to prevent war, and if rejected to leave Greece to her fate.

The postal contract with the German steamship line has been renewed.

Mr Laird to-day publishes his correspondence with Reverdy Johnson. He says that he made the first friendly advances before the Liverpool banquet, and invited Mr. Johnson to visit him to hear wishes for a lasting peace, and Mr. Johnson said he could not accept the invitation for lack of time, and closing his notes as follows: "Notwithstanding you sympathized with my Southern brethren during the war, I shall have much pleasure in making your acquaintance, and hearing your sincere wishes for peace."

The *Times*, commenting on a speech recently delivered by Reverdy Johnson at the Birbeck Institution, says: "The sum of Mr. Johnson's policy is that trifles must not prevent the preservation of the peaceful relations between England and America. The *Times* hints that the American obstacles to the treaty should be withdrawn.

Dispatches from Constantinople report that the Turkish commander Pasha has been forbidden by his government to invade the Grecian territory unless armed bands of Greeks pass the Thessalonian frontier.

PARIS, December 19.—The *Moniteur* has the following details of the Ersais affair: The Ersais answered Hobart Pasha's signal with a shot, and immediately sought refuge in the port of Syria, when she was blockaded by the vessels of the Turkish fleet. Hobart Pasha announced his willingness to abandon the blockade on condition that the Ersais should be escorted to Athens by the Grecian frigate and there await the result of judicial proceedings for the outrages committed.

The following dispatch has just been received from Constantinople dated to-day: "The Greek Embassador of this city to-day demanded of the guaranteeing powers protection for the Greek subjects in Constantinople. The French envoy, on the part of his Government, declines to move in the matter. The Porte demands the banishment of all the Greeks from Bulgaria and Belgrade."

MADRID, December 19.—The elections for members of the Cortez are proceeding in the incorporated towns and cities. There have been no disorders. A large majority of those elected are favorable to the formation of a monarchical form of government.

The Government authorizes the statement to be made that the treaty of peace with Chili may be considered as an accomplished fact.

PROVIDENCE,

PROVIDENCE, R. I., December 19.—Dellisher Parsons, an eminent and venerable physician, died here to-day, aged eighty years. He was surgeon of the flag-ship Lawrence, in the battle of Lake Erie, and the last surviving officer of Perry's fleet.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, December 19.—It is generally believed that the Havana Lottery is to be impressed by the home government.

Generals Espinar and Latome, with 350 soldiers, arrived to-day from Spain. Gen. Espinar will relieve Wolmardo and Gen. Latome will command the eastern department.

A Spaniard who had been taken prisoner by the insurrectionists and escaped from Bayonne, reports that a Spanish major and captain belonging to the garrison, who refused to capitulate, had been executed, the other officers had been put in irons, and the soldiers set to work cleaning the streets of the town, which was destitute of provisions. Bayonne was defended by but few men, the revolutionists being nearly all in the field. The insurrectionists remain in the neighborhood of Manzanillo and rumors are that skirmishing continues.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, December 19.—Sarah Boyd, an old Irish woman whose husband left her a short time since, was found dead in her bed to-day. She died of starvation.

The Legislature adjourns on Monday until after the holidays.

L. G. Gou, a Swiss gardener, committed suicide last night by shooting himself through the head. His wife's jealousy is supposed to have been the cause.

John McClelland, Revenue Assessor, who was taken suddenly ill several days ago, is now able to sit up.

MOBILE.

MOBILE, December 19.—The first race of the Magnolia Course to-day was for a purse of $400, mile heats, best three in five. Summary—Kitty Free, 2, 1, 1, 1; Jennie C., 1, 2, 2, 2. Time, 1:55½, 1:50½, 1:55½, 1:0½. The second race was a dash of three-quarters for $200, which was won by Carrie P., beating John Kilgour and Mary Edith. Time, 1:20. The fastest time ever made on this track by two year olds.

RAILROAD.

The Memphis, Holly Springs, Okolona and Selma Railroad.

Address to the People of Memphis, and Those Living Along the Route,

From the President and Directors,

That the necessity which impels us to appeal to the city of Memphis and to the county of Shelby for subscriptions to the capital stock of this company may be appreciated, the following statement of facts is made:

HOW TO DOUBLE OUR WEALTH BY EXPENDING IT.

Palpably enough, the South is poor in money, and rich in boundless resources. The development of these can alone make wealth abundant. Since our available riches are very little, we must use them the more wisely and husband them the more jealously. The North has outstripped us in wealth and population for the reason, and that has been our roads. Our condition is such that we can build but few of the many needed. In determining which of several projected lines should first be constructed, it becomes an important inquiry whether Northern interests do not require the existence of the line of road designated. If the commercial necessities of the North demand the construction of any possible road, however costly, it will be built. The North is rich as we are poor, and more thoroughly and justly than any people on the globe, do our Northern fellow countrymen comprehend the inestimable value of railway lines. There is no Northwestern State or city without interest in the Memphis and Selma road; but no Northern emporium could afford to construct a road from Selma to Memphis, and from this city to Vincennes or Louisville. If we build the Selma line, there are three or four Northern cities which would compete at once for the vast trade concentrated at this point. St. Louis would hardly be content with a line of railway to connect with Mobile, through Columbus, Ky., when it might share in the trade of the richest districts of two States by tapping the Selma road at Memphis, and thus our Iron Mountain Road would be self-creative. Northwestern cities would compete with St. Louis, and if no other agencies were accessible the road from Paducah would be dragged down from the Northwest by the resistless attractive force of wealth heaped up in Memphis and gathered from the matchless region between this city and Selma. It is our true policy to build all possible railroads, but while our resources are limited, our whole strength of intellect and capital should be directed to those lines which will force *Northern* wealth to build for us other roads. Our resources, by such a policy employed in using them, are practically doubled. When we have built the road to Selma, we may rest assured, in the very act, that we have finished two roads from Memphis to Northern and Western cities. The necessity for roads leading towards the North is not lessened by facts suggested. The statement made affects only the mode and means of their creation. We would not derogate from their value or importance, or fail to promote the ends of their designers—but the cheapest, wisest, and speediest mode of securing Northern, is to perfect a system of Southern roads converging at Memphis.

COST OF THE SELMA ROAD.

A statistician, who has taken the pains to examine the census reports of 1860 and inquire into the resources of the several counties penetrated by the Selma road, tells us that it will bring to this city, the first year after its completion, twenty millions of trade, to be increased in value every year with constantly augmented density of population. Ten per cent would be a moderate exaction to be levied by tradesmen upon this twenty millions of cotton, corn, fruits, potatoes, lumber, and coal. Two counties in Mississippi, Lowndes and Monroe, penetrated by the line of this road, in 1860, produced ninety-eight thousand cotton bales. Probably two hundred thousand, certainly one hundred and fifty thousand bales, will be brought annually to this market by this road as soon as completed, and the number will be increased with the constantly increased density of population. Fifteen bale will leave certainly five dollars in this city, and thus, from the influx of cotton alone Memphis will gain annually $750,000. Marshall county, Mississippi, produced 45,000 bales; Lafayette, 15,000; Pontotoc, 15,000; Calhoun, 7000; Yallatusha, 25,000; Tippah, 8000; Chickasaw, 5000; to which add the products of Lowndes and Monroe counties and we have 225,000 bales, all of which were forwarded to Mobile or New Orleans. Of 15,000 bales brought to Holly Springs, only 2000 came to Memphis. The reason is that the road which passes Holly Springs leads away from this city and cotton coming from that point to this must be transferred from one road to another. With direct and hourly communication with Holly Springs, the two points are placed practically side by side, and the smaller interior town becomes a delightful suburb of the large and prosperous city.

WHAT MEMPHIS GAINS.

In view of these plain facts and of the rapid increase of production to follow increased density of population, the augmentation of real estate values in Memphis would be represented by a greater sum in figures than the whole cost of the road to Selma. Each railroad built has doubled the assessed value of Memphis wealth, and therefore it is true that railroads have cost this city nothing.

HOW WE ARE PROFITED.

The Selma road penetrates the finest cotton-growing region in the world. The counties intersected produce one-tenth of the whole cotton crop of the United States, and such will be the facilities for its distribution at Memphis by land or water, that the greater portion of this crop will find here its first market. Under systems of industry now established, other agricultural products will be hardly less valuable than the cotton crop, and whatever is sold or bought by farmers, made prosperous by easy intercourse with the markets of the world, must pay tribute to the enterprise and energy of this railway-building city. Merchants of Memphis, having choice of modes of transportation, can gather goods or distribute agricultural products, by river or railroads as cheaply as tradesmen of any other city. In fact, the completion of this Selma road, and its linking hither by resistless force other lines, from the North and Northwest, will make Memphis the great emporium of trade for the central valley of Mississippi. The present assessed value of Memphis real estate greatly lessened because when made there was an unprecedented stringency in the money market, is thirty-two million dollars. When over the Mississippi Central and Mobile and Ohio roads are bisected; the first at Holly Springs and the second at Okolona, by this Selma road, the trade of this city will be augmented with its property values by nearly or quite one-half. The Memphis and Charleston road, which gave us no trade beyond Huntsville, Ala., and penetrates no rich country save a narrow district in the valley of the Tennessee, doubled the wealth of Memphis. If the city lost its stock subscription of half a million, there would still be credited not less than ten millions, in its account with the city, to the Memphis and Charleston railroad. Even more beneficent results will flow from the construction of the Selma road. It touches no unproductive region till it enters the coal fields of Alabama, 170 miles southeast of Memphis. In fact the mineral and agricultural wealth of districts of country tributary to this road is unequalled, even as it will give greater wealth and prosperity to Memphis than any possible highway of traffic save that which may make the sun of Memphis' glory reverse its course and rise from the western instead of the eastern ocean.

IMPERATIVE DUTY OF MEMPHIS.

Whether this Selma road may be built depends almost wholly upon the action of the people of Memphis. Properly enough, farming populations and interior towns and villages measure the value of public works by the estimate in which they are held by thoughtful, active, intelligent business communities. Here wealth and thought alike are concentrated, and if this city and county fail to demonstrate their faith in the scheme by vigorous action, farmers of the interior will hardly transfer bonds to the capital stock of the Company. Whenever Memphis acts we are assured that the people everywhere in the interior will at once co-operate generously with the city. Memphis, the terminus and great beneficiary of the contemplated road, must bear a share of burdens while monopolizing to such an incalculable extent the benefactions of the road. Our shops, foundries, mechanics, millers, trades-men, and laborers will absorb a large portion of the moneyed wealth applied to this great work, and it therefore our province to bear also the burdens and blessings of the enterprise. We must be aged somewhat that we may receive contributions of incalculable wealth, drawn by this highway of commerce from broad, rich districts of adjacent States.

WHAT MEMPHIS SHOULD SUBSCRIBE.

We would not state the sum which Memphis and Shelby county should subscribe to the capital stock of the company. No sum less than a million dollars would be denied the enterprise by any citizen of Memphis who has traversed the counties which this road will penetrate. The little village of Okolona, in Mississippi, its real estate valued at two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, has subscribed $50,000, or one-fifth of its whole wealth. Aberdeen, with real estate is assessed at one million dollars, has subscribed $100 000 or one-tenth of the whole wealth of that beautiful little city. If Memphis invested her wealth as liberally and wisely as Aberdeen and Okolona, and the necessities of the railway corporation demanded it, the subscription of this city would be three millions. If the city invest a million dollars, a larger sum, before the completion of the road, will be expended in the city by the company. Our own people would in fact lend to the money on which the city pays $60 000 annual interest. In other words, the city will have borrowed a million dollars to be loaned or distributed among its own citizens. But we do not ask for anything like so large a sum.

MEMPHIS HAS EVERYTHING TO GAIN AND CAN LOSE NOTHING.

The government of a city, having the area and population of Memphis, costs almost as much as that of a mighty metropolis. All the machinery and adjuncts of municipal legislation are here in full operation, causing expenditures almost as great as in St. Louis or Chicago. If municipal affairs be honestly administered, the city would be in infinitely better condition, with its present public debt doubled, its real estate assessed at seventy-five or one hundred millions, instead of thirty-two millions, and its census showing a population increased in the same ratio. Such will be the condition of Memphis soon after the completion of the Selma road. The same relative augmentation of property values and of population would attest the county of Shelby and the wealth of both the city and county would outgrow and overshadow public indebtedness.

PROMPT ACTION REQUIRED.

If the road to Selma be not built, and speedily, the several counties, towns and districts, the cotton growing districts of central Alabama, its coal fields and pine forests, with the richest counties of Mississippi, will seek outlets for their productions over other lines. The commercial wealth of central Alabama already seeks its way to Southeastern Atlantic cities, and it is not impossible that Eastern Mississippi may cause the system of roads which already connects Southern Georgia with Alabama to be extended to Mississippi. If the Memphis and Selma road be built, it constitutes for two-thirds of its length, a part of the shortest possible line from Memphis to Savannah and Brunswick; it gives us control of a single cotton field; it furnishes the best bituminous coal at ten cents per bushel; it opens a wide district covered with pine forests; it bisects and renders incenous two railroads that have abstracted vast sums from the wealth and trade of Memphis. In fact, the Memphis and Selma road must be built. There is not a public advantage or private necessity which does not demand it. This for once there is no diversity of opinion among our people. As to the value and mode of constructing other roads, men differ. In the case before us we must palpably do the work for ourselves, conscious, when the task is achieved, that railway lines will be drawn hither from all directions, and point to this, their common center, as the sun's rays to its brilliant disc, or, as converging roads constitute spokes to Boston, making it, in one of its aspects, the hub of the universe.

RIVAL ROADS—BLUNDERS OF RAILWAY BUILDERS.

Through the past three years the Mobile and Ohio and Mississippi Central roads have diverted from this city a large share of that traffic and travel to which Memphis was geographically entitled. The population and productiveness of adjacent States have been increased, and if these roads have not brought to this city cotton and trade, they have enriched the whole country, given accessibility and consequent value to lands, and will ultimately cause the addition of large farming populations to districts of Mississippi and Tennessee, to which Memphis is the nearest and natural market.

The Memphis and Selma road, crossing the two above designated and a third, projected, from Canton through Aberdeen, Miss., to Decatur, Ala., will relieve errors of railway builders and remedy consequent misfortunes to which Memphis has been subjected. This city will surely be the ultimate gainer because of the existence of each of these great thoroughfares. They have enriched and populated a country to be made by the Selma road necessarily tributary to the wealth of Memphis. They will be harmed in nothing, since the Selma road will stimulate traffic and travel, and create more of both than it can divert. There is, therefore, no necessary antagonism in interest between these roads.

COURSE OF TRADE AND TRAVEL CONTROLLED.

Cotton grown in Maury county, in Middle Tennessee, is now shipped by rail to Decatur, Ala., thence to Grand Junction, and thence to New Orleans. Each bale is taxed five dollars for the whole distance. This direction is given to cotton by railway managers. Perhaps, too, the producers deem New Orleans the better market because it is the larger city, a reason that cannot long exist when the Little Rock and Selma roads are built. When the Memphis and Selma road reaches Aberdeen and Columbus, Mississippi, the whole trade of that matchless district of country will be drawn to this city. Memphis, and the citizens of Shelby county, will own largely of the stock in the Selma road, and control tariffs imposed upon freights. Cotton will be brought hither, if need be, at a nominal charge. Mobile in this manner, has managed the Mobile and Ohio road. Mobile invested millions in the great highway, and had the right to reap every legitimate advantage from her expenditures. A cotton bale once on the Memphis and Selma road will not change cars or change its course, and cotton bales will bring their owners with their wives and children. There are groceries, calicoes, saddles, harness, plows, wagons, agricultural implements, grist mills, furniture and building materials—every conceivable commodity and material which men and women use and consume will be bought by the farmer who follows his potatoes, corn, wheat or cotton to this city.

ADVANTAGES TO THE CITY AND COUNTRY.

No one citizen of Memphis, and no one class of people is more interested than another in co-operating in the work of building the Selma Road. Merchants and real estate holders are the primary beneficiaries, but the builders of the road will expend more money among mechanics and laborers within twelve months, than Memphis and Shelby county will invest.

HOW FARMERS WIN BY IT.

Advantages to result to farmers are too palpable for recital. The road gives them a choice of markets, enables them to sell eggs, poultry, butter and vegetables; and enriches them by value given fruits and melons. But the great advantage which farmers will derive from the road consists in the fact that population will be rapidly densified and lands have augmented value. Men advertise property for sale. If there were an area way of light spanning the continent, those who have property would augment its value to an unlimited extent by realizing its worth and peculiar excellences upon this mighty rainbow. A railroad brings the wandering world to see the lands and breathe the soft breezes of this matchless climate, where rain falls perennially, where rigors of harsh winter time are unknown, and where a paradise will bloom whenever railways have fulfilled their appointed tasks.

The above address was approved at a meeting of the Directors, held at Memphis, December 15, 1868.

R. FORREST,
President.

J. C. FIZER,
W. D. FLY, Jr.,
W. C. HUNT,
R. A. MURDOCK,
W. W. TROUP.

W. H. WHITE,
W. McDOUGALL,
Jefferson County.
JOHN McINTOSH,
Chickasaw County.
G. A. STOKES,
Monroe County.
H. W. WALTER,
Marshall County.
C. L. STEWART,
Desoto County.

NORFOLK, VA.

OLIVER DANCY, Tarboro, N. C.
T. B. HYMAN, Late of New York.
N. M. HYMAN, Late of Warrenton, N. C.

HYMANS & DANCY,

General Commission Merchants

No. 47 Wide Water Street,

(Rear of Custom House), - NORFOLK, VA.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 24 Exchange Place, New York.

REFERENCES—M. J. Wicks, President M. and C. R. R.; W. C. McClure, Cashier Savings Bank of Memphis; Dr. C. W. Malone, Memphis.

Cotton sold in Norfolk or New York, at option of owner. ONLY ONE COMMISSION CHARGED.
dec8 6m

WALTERS' NATIONAL HOTEL

NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, PROPRIETOR. A STRICTly first class house.
sep18 6m

WM. A. PRINCE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

25 and 27 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Liberal advances made on consignments to us, or our New York or Liverpool houses.
sep18 6m

TRUST SALE.

TRUSTEE SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by Wm D Fly on the 30 h day of March, A D 1868, to John D. Trotter, Trustee, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes payable as follows, to wit: One note for six thousand dollars, due and payable to Catherine P. Freeman on the 20th day of January, A.D. 1869, with ten per cent. interest from date, and dated the 30th of March, A.D. 1868. One note of the same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman on 20th day of March, A.D. 1869, with legal interest from date, and one note of same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman with legal interest from date. Said Deed of Trust recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Tunica county, State of Mississippi, in Book K, of the records of deeds for said county, page 341. And by virtue of and in pursuance of a decree of the Chancery Court of said Tunica county, made at the April term thereof, A.D. 1868, investing myself with the powers of Trustee in said Deed of Trust, the death of the said Jno. D. Trotter, Trustee as aforesaid, having been suggested to said Chancery Court, I will, on the

28th Day of December, A.D. 1868,

At the courthouse door in the town of Austin in the county of Tunica, State of Mississippi proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash the following lands as described in said Deed of Trust, as follows, to wit: All of section seven (7) of Township (4) of Range eleven, (11), west lying and being in said Tunica county and State of Mississippi. Sale with a lawful bonus. Title supposed to be good, but I will sell only as Trustee.
J. F. SAMPLES, Trustee.
October 15, 1868. oct27 tds

DISSOLUTIONS.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of POWER & McGEOY is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts due the firm will be collected by Mr. G. S. Jones who has been made trustee by us for that purpose.

JOHN POWER.
THOMAS McGEOY.
Memphis, Tenn., December 1, 1868. dec9 1t

COTTON---COMMISSION.

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. B. F. DICKINSON.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.)

COTTON FACTORS,

General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,

210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn

We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments.
sep4

JAMES & FITCHNER,

Commission Merchants,

No. 176 Front Street,

Special attention paid to the sale of Cotton, Produce and Provisions.
Orders and consignments solicited.
dec1 1w

NEWTON FORD, D. T. PORTER, Formerly of F. Lane & Co., Late Porter & Macrae B. FUERSTENHEIM Late of Porter & Co.

NEWTON FORD & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers & Commission Merchants,

No. 17 Union Street,

LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN

Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us.
sep20 3m

WM. H. ANDREWS,

Grocer

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

280 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
sep20 3m

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers, Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 9 UNION STREET,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have removed our immense Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Regarding the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market rates.
dec4w

GROCERS.

JUST RECEIVED BY

MEACHAM & TREADWELL

No. 9 Union Street,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn.

100 Hhds Louisiana Sugars,
300 Hhds and Half Hhds. Molasses,
300 Bags Rio Coffee,
15 Tons Beard's Button Ties,

Which, with their large assortment of Goods already in store, makes their stock one of the largest and most complete to be found in the City. They invite an examination, feeling confident in their prices and goods will give satisfaction. To the trade they are prepared to offer extra inducements.
d-4tf

J. P. COFFIN, CHAS. COFFIN, Late with Toof, Phillips & Co., Late Coffin, Bacon & Coffin.

COFFIN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

Choice Groceries,

392 Main Street,

(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN

JUST receiving, fresh assortments of all leading goods in their line.
New Orleans Sugar.
New New Orleans Molasses and Syrup, and Golden Syrup.
Coffee—Rio, Laguayra, Java and Mocha.
Fresh supply of Teas.
Mackerel—Mess, No. 1 and No. 2; Smoked Salmon and Bloaters; Codfish, plain and desiccated.
Best Brands of Flour.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city.
de12

BANKS AND BANINKG

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. F. SMITH
C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS, President.
C. P. NORRIS, Vice-President

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

POWHATAN ROBINSON. WILLIAM S. MOON

ROBINSON & MOON,

Civil Engineers and Surveyors,

—OFFICE WITH—

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

240 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

WORK intrusted to us attended to promptly. We will furnish information of the value and location of lands. On order, surveyors supplied with instruments and materials of the best manufacture.

Refer to M. J. Wicks, President M. and C. R. R.; Col. F. White, President M. and T. R. R.; A. S. Liversidge, James L. Meigs, Col. Minor Merriwether, Col. W. R. Hunt, Brenton Bayliss, Esq., Lowand & Peyton, Esqs., Gage, Foute, Esq., Orgill Bros. & Co., Galbreath, Stewart & Co.
de2 tf

PETRO OIL.

Petro! Petro! Petro!

THE Tennessee Petro Oil Company is still alive at their new stand,

234 Main Street, Opposite Clay Building,

We inform the public in general to come forward and try it. We also defy competition in our Lamps, burners and general Lamp Stock. We are manufacturers of the "Hanging Rock" stoves. Tinware, Castings of great varieties wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well to examine our stock.
nov10 ROSENBAUM & BROS.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,

HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,

800 BARRELS

YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,

AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.

oct1-sat4 6m daew

M. MAGEVNEY, Late of A. Vaccaro & Co. J. W. ROGAN, Late of A. J. Roach & Co.

MAGEVNEY & ROGAN,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.

320 FRONT STREET, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

COTTON---COMMISSION

**

TO THE PUBLIC

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, one year.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year.....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $8 for first and $1 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL will be charged one-sixth additional.
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY will be charged half of DAILY rates.
Local Notices 20 cents per line first insertion, and 10 cents per line per month.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

MONDAY MORNING, DEC. 21, 1868

TENNESSEE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Tennessee Press Association is hereby called at Nashville, on the second Monday in January, 1869, at the office of the *Union and American*, at 12 o'clock m., upon business of importance. A full attendance is requested.

THOMAS BOYERS, President.
HUNTER NICHOLSON, Secretary.

We learn from the New York papers, of the death, at Camden, N. J., of H. M. FLINT, a well known Washington correspondent, who, during the war, as a contributor to the Baltimore *Gazette*, over the signature of "Druid," obtained a deserved and reputable notoriety. Mr. FLINT was the author of a very well written life of the late Senator DOUGLASS, and a compilation or history of the progress of railroading in the United States. He was a very forcible and a very candid writer. He was thirty-nine years of age, and for nearly half that time an attache of the newspaper press.

THE plan proposed by the House Committee on Postal Affairs, to prevent the abuses of the franking privilege, meets our hearty concurrence. It is plain and simple. Members of Congress, it proposes, shall not hereafter employ the stamping machines, which can now be counterfeited at the rate of $3 each; and the frank shall not be recognized except during the sessions. This seems to be an effectual remedy for the malpractices which encumber the mails with tons of matter, at a cost of thousands of dollars of the people's money. Retrenchment might as well put its pruning-hook here as in other places. Nothing will please the country, loaded down with oppressive taxes, so much as a rigid economy

DR. SHURTLEFF, the Democratic Mayor of Boston, has been re-elected by a decided majority. This, says the Philadelphia *Age*, is a deserved reward for a faithful performance of official duties. During the whole term of Dr. SHURTLEFF's administration of public affairs, he has studied closely the best interests of the people of Boston, and acted upon that line. In no case has he suffered political considerations to over balance the good of the whole. The politician was always subordinate to the citizen, and hence his administration has been characterized by dignity, efficiency and usefulness. With such claims upon the public, the re-election of Dr. SHURTLEFF is a compliment to the good sense and business acumen of the people of Boston.

MANY Republicans, and all the Radicals, believe that Gen. GRANT was elected President by an enormous majority of the people. But such is not the fact. From a carefully compiled table, in the New York *World* of Wednesday, we find that in twenty-eight States the vote stands:

For Grant	2,819,199
For Seymour	2,740,051
Grant's majority	203,148
Deduct from this Grant's vote in five negro States	319,334
Leaves Seymour's majority	16,186

without counting the white men in Virginia, Mississipi and Texas. If to the above figures we add the vote in these State and the disfranchised throughout the South, it is not too much to claim for the Democratic ticket a majority over that of the Republican of fully 500,000 votes. Grant is beyond question a minority candidate, and would be, even with the negro votes, had all the States voted, and the white men of the South not have been disfranchised.

MR. FERRY, Senator from Connecticut, has taken ground in favor of universal amnesty. In a very elaborate speech in the Senate on Tuesday, as construed by the *World's* correspondent, he impressed two points: "One, that it was perfectly safe to remove all disabilities from all; the other, that not to do so would stamp such partisan purposes upon Congressional legislation as would result in the rebuke of the Republicans at the polls in ensuing elections. He interpreted, 'Let us have peace,' to have been so understood by the people as to lead them to expect no permanent political disability to rest on any one, and that now was the accepted time to remove them, and it would prove the day of salvation if the party rose high with the occasion. Mr. FERRY says if Mr. STEWART'S bill obtains, it will necessitate constantly a large army in every State to make an inquisition into candidates chosen. He insists that it is, a sense, disfranchises all the South, by telling them whom they shall and shall not vote for. Mr. STEWART'S bill proposes an imprisonment for not less than one nor more than five years, with a fine of not less than $2000 nor more than $10,000, on all who accept office to which the restraining clause of the fourteenth amendment makes them ineligible. It is understood that Messrs. HENDERSON, FOWLER, ROSS, VAN WINKLE and FRELINGHUYSEN favor Mr. FERRY'S bill, and the new Senators from Arkansas, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana profess to favor it in case the Local Militia bill is passed."

IN THE course of the debate in the Senate on Tuesday, upon the bill providing for the formation of local militia in the seven reconstructed States, some points of interest were developed. It came out, says the correspondent of the New York *World*, that the bill is only preliminary—intended to be realized in detail by the other bill now before the Military Committee, which provides for the issuing of two thousand stand of arms, of improved Springfield pattern, to each Congressional District in the reconstructed States, with two batteries of artillery; the same to be distributed by the Governors to loyal companies in those Districts. Thus the full and powerful equipment of a standing negro army is to be provided for. In support of this design WILSON recounted four thousand murders in Texas since November 4 h, and stated that more Union men have been murdered in the South since the 1st of January, 1867, than were killed at Gettysburg. He told of one disloyal Louisianian who boasted he had pinked 120 Union men with his own hand at Opelousas. To this narration by the Senator, says the correspondent, no description can do justice. He was in his most God-fearing, liberty loving vein, and delivered the fiction with a contempt for grammar and pronunciation which brought tears to the eyes of an open-eared, intelligent contraband in the gallery. In the discussion of the bill several of the exotics from the South made their debut. WARNER, of Alabama, exchanged compliments with GARRET DAVIS on the virtue of scalawags and carpet baggers, and was so very sensitive as to insist that he had lived at least eighteen months in the State, and had a right to be considered a regular representative. SAWYER, of South Carolina, made the best speech of the carpet-baggers, and, it must be said, was respectful, intelligent, and direct. RICE, of Arkansas, has a voice which sounds as the yelp of a terrier after a rat; his voice cannot fill the chamber but can empty it at any time.

THE negro MENARD, who claims to have been elected to Congress from the Second District of Louisiana, has at last received the documents from GOV. WARMOTH certifying to his election. His application for admission to the House, together with the application of Mr. HUNT, who is the legally elected Representative, has been referred to the Election Committee. The facts in the case are as follows: After the election at which MANN was chosen, the Congressional Districts of the State were changed. MENARD claims election from the new district, which includes the major portion of MANN'S old district, and bears the same number. HUNT, on the other hand, charges that the claim from the new district should not be recognized, but he, as the Representative of the old district, is entitled to the seat. The New Orleans *Times* says, in regard to WARMOTH'S conduct in this matter:

Warmoth has adopted and carried out the rule of the Black and Tan Legislature, of electing representatives for the people, of disregarding the will of the voter and conforming to that of the Radical party. A man, who did not, according to the returns, get a single vote in the district which he claims to represent, is elected to a membership of the National House of Representatives. The rule proclaimed before and after the recent election, that the smaller the vote received by the Radical candidates for offices in the State, the stronger would be their claims and the surer their chance of being returned and admitted, has been stretched to the extent of putting in one, at least, who has received no votes at all for the office for which he stood. In other words, Warmoth, and not the people and voters of the Second Congressional District, has chosen a member for that District. Instead of the popular suffrage, it is the broad seal of the State which is to authenticate and qualify a national representative.

The Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Times* does not think that MENARD stands any chance of getting the contested seat, and the Newark (New Jersey) *Journal* says that there is little doubt that Republican Congressmen are determined to shirk the question by referring the whole matter back to the Louisiana Legislature. That this tool of the Louisiana carpet-baggers has had an inkling of this, and properly appreciates it, the following from the Philadelphia *Age* will justify us in believing:

Menard, the negro Congressman from Louisiana, denounces the Radical party in unmeasured terms for their want of action in his case. He declares that Governor Warmoth withholds his certificate in order to afford the Committee on Elections an excuse for closing the doors of Congress in his face, and speaks in terms of severity of the contemptuous manner in which his Radical colleagues from Louisiana, elected by colored votes, have acted towards him since his arrival. The Radical "ring" in Louisiana also come in for a share of Menard's animadversions. Warmoth, he says, is at the head of this arrangement. He is satisfied now, after a few years' experience, that the carpet-baggers are scoundrels, and that the colored people are fast coming to the same conclusion. Truth travels slowly, but it will come at last.

By Telegraph.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, December 20.—No arrivals or departures. The river is rising slowly and perfectly clear of ice. The weather is clear and very warm, with the wind high. A rapid thaw is in progress at St. Paul and there is a prospect for reopening navigation below Lake Pepin.

CAIRO, December 20.—Down—Grossbeck, 12 m.; Lady Gay, 10 a.m.; Commonwealth, 3 p.m. Up—Westmoreland, 8 a.m. The river fell five inches. The weather is clear and warm.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 20.—The Congressional Committee to investigate election frauds in this city have arrived and commence their sessions to-morrow.

Commercial travelers are to hold meetings here, with the object of framing a petition to Congress to take action relative to the license laws of the various cities and States.

The *Herald's* Havana letter of the 12th, says it is a fact that a gigantic insurrection exists on that island and that it is supported or controlled by the great mass of the native population, the exceptions being insignificant in point of numbers, and that it has had many encounters with the Spanish troops, in which its supporters inflicted quite as much, if not more damage, than they suffered, and that the best informed among the disinterested and unprejudiced, are already beginning to calculate on ultimate success which shall leave Cubans free and independent.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, December 20.—The news from the East is more pacific. The government at Athens, which has hitherto been swept along by popular eagerness for war with the Turks, is more disposed to listen to the patriots of European powers. This disposition strengthens by rapidly growing into a sentiment in favor of peace, which may avert war if the Sublime Porte will grant time for further negotiations. It is understood that the Western powers will sustain the Sultan's ultimatum to Greece, while Russia in the interest of the Greeks will seek to modify the terms. The rumor which prevailed in Paris yesterday, that Russia had sent an unfavorable note to France on the Eastern question, proves to have been a canard intended to depress the market.

The forebodings in regard to the Eastern question made by Lord Stanley, on the 13th of November, in his speech to his constituents at Lynn Regis, is regarded as one of the secondary causes of the crisis in the East.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—Gov. Evans, of Colorado, is here, and says the large number of horses found by Gen. Custar in the Indian camp at the second battle is evidence that guilty and not innocent Indians were attacked, and that hostile bands of the Cheyenne, Arapahoe, Kiowa, Comanche and Apache tribes have been seen off in that direction. Thousands of horses and mules have been taken from the frontier settlers of Colorado and Kansas, emigrant trains and Government during the last four years they have been warring on the whites.

Gov. Evans is confident that Gen. Sheridan will have a proposition for peace from those Indians themselves, and that after their punishment, the peace will be valuable.

The following are appropriations made during the second session of the Fortieth Congress, as recently computed deficiencies for the execution of the reconstruction laws and the Quartermaster's department for the year ending June 30, 1868: $1,283,966 21; Military Academy, for the year ending June 30, 1869, $275,572; Post Office department, for year ending June 30, '69 $2,106,900; Consular and diplomatic expenses do $1,212,434; Army expenses do, $33 082 093; Naval expenses for do, $17,356,360; Legislative expenses and Judiciary, $17,906,317 09; sundry civil expenses, $81,749 979 66; Pensions, $30 350,000; Defenses, for the year ending June 30, 1868, $4 163 026 64; Indian Department, for year ending June 30, 1869, $3 847 528 45; Miscellaneous, $1,027,448 80; Total, $160 551,885 85.

STATE ITEMS.

FROM BROWNSVILLE.

From the Brownsville Bee of Saturday.]

It is our painful duty to announce the death of one of our citizens, by an unlooked for accident. On Saturday evening last, Mr. Payette Branch, residing two miles west of Brownsville, had come into town with his wagon, and returning home about 5 o'clock his team (four horses) took fright near Judge W. P. Bond's residence, on West Main street, and ran away with the wagon. After running some distance the team became entangled in some way, and both wheel horses fell, catching Mr. Branch under them and crushing him in a frightful and most horrible manner. Citizens went to his assistance and rescued him from the fallen horses, but so crushed and mangled that he expired at five o'clock Sunday morning. Funeral services were celebrated at the Baptist church on Monday morning, the 14th, by Rev. E. H. Osborne, and the friends of the deceased. He leaves a family.

We are happy to announce to the public, that active steps are being taken for pushing through the all important enterprize of the Brownsville and Dyersburg Railroad to speedy completion. Colonels Pickett and Vaughan, are now out on the line from here to Dyersburg prospecting for a survey, and we have fair weather, early next week to make a preliminary survey of the route.

This road must be built, and as soon as possible the books will be opened for subscriptions. By St. Paul, the work must go bravely on.

THE OLDEST MAN.—We think that Haywood can claim the oldest man in the State—at least in the Western District. Mr. Jos. Ames was born in Virginia, in the year 1760, which makes him one hundred and eight years. He lives near Bell's Depot, and is said to be enjoying excellent health.

FROM NASHVILLE

From the Nashville Banner.]

SUICIDE.—A Frenchman, named Louis Gee, committed suicide last Friday night, near Buena Vista Springs, by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. It is reported that he was driven to the act by the jealousy of his wife, who accused him of various marital offenses.

The entertainment given by the Hanlons in Nashville last Friday night drew one of the largest audiences ever assembled in that city.

James Johnson, a colored man of Hamilton county, Tenn., was attacked in his house a few nights ago, and robbed and murdered, by a band of negroes.

OUR TENNESSEE TURF.—The unprecedented success of the last fall meeting of the Nashville Blood Horse Association, has encouraged their members to put forth all their energies to keep the future meetings up to that standard, and as the opportunities are improved at each succeeding meeting, to increase the interest of friends and patrons of the turf, and from all parts of the country to attract attention to Nashville and Tennessee. With this view, arrangements have already been made for several brilliant stakes for the coming meetings, reaching as far along in the future as the year 1871. Next fall a sweepstake will be run with colts and fillies, then three years old, two miles and repeat, for a purse of nearly $2000. This is the Belmont stake, to which our fellow-townman, Dr. Cheatham, donates $300, and the Association adding $500. The entrance is $100, p. p., ten or more to fill, and to name and close the 1st day of April next. At the same meeting will be also run the Nashville merchants' post stake, for all ages, two mile heats, to close the 1st of June next. To this stake the merchants of Nashville will add $1000, $200 of which goes to the second horse. The Kentucky stake, of two miles and repeat, is to be run over the same course, in the fall of 1870; and in the fall of 1871, the Tennessee stake, ten or more to fill, with already nine subscribers.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.—The case before Squire Thurneck, yesterday, of Zutcher vs. the Sheriff, involved an important question. Zutcher's property, articles exempt from taxation, had been seized by the sheriff, and an action of replevin was brought. The question was, whether the exemption of property for the benefit of poor persons, under the laws of Tennessee, was guard against an execution for *corporation* taxes. The corporation seems to be proceeding upon the ground that all property, of any description, the last bed and the last pound of meat, must be taken for corporation taxes. Mr. Colyar, who argued the case for Mr. Zutcher, took the ground that the saving in the exemption laws for taxes meant *public* taxes, and did not apply to the taxes levied by towns; that it meant taxes to carry on the Government, and for such an absolute necessity as this all of the poor man's property might be taken; but no such urgent and overpowering necessity existed to enable the officers of a municipal government to raise money, and that in the decisions in Tennessee a distinction had always been taken between *public* taxes and corporation taxes. The Justice decided in favor of the plaintiff, and the corporation appealed.

FROM KNOXVILLE.

From the Knoxville Press and Herald, Dec. 17.]

The train from the East, which arrived in Knoxville at noon yesterday, contained 34 passengers about fifty Peruvians, who had left Lima about the middle of November, and arrived in New York Sunday. They were en route for New Orleans under orders from the Peruvian Government to constitute the crew of one of the iron-clads lately purchased from our Government by Peru, and at present lying off New Orleans. There were ten officers among the party. The Peruvians were of swarthy complexion and of medium stature. Two of them could converse slightly in English, the rest being in total ignorance of our language. They were, after leaving Bristol, inclined to transgress the rules governing American citizens on railroads, by smoking. Those persisting in that use of the weed were finally induced to enter into the smoking car. A number of ladies entering the car at a station were for awhile unable to obtain seats, the swarthy strangers seeming entirely oblivious of the courtesy which is the inherent right of the fair sex in North America. By signs and gestures the suave conductor, Harry Lyle, induced them to practice their first lesson in graceful deference to the ladies, and they retired good-humoredly to the company of the smokers, where they no doubt interchanged opinions regarding the difference in customs and manners between their own people and our barbarous nation. They left on the Chattanooga train at one o'clock.

WHAT WAS DONE IN THE LEGISLATURE ON THURSDAY.

Nothing of great interest transpired in our Legislature on Thursday. A bill "providing for the sale of the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, one in relation to revenue collectors and tax lists" and resolutions of thanks to Comptroller Blackburne. The first provides that the road be sued in Chancery, that it be sold for not less than $500,000 in cash and a balance not stated, to be paid in Tennessee bonds, by decree of the Court, which shall determine the legal and equitable rights of the State, the bondholders and all other creditors and order a distribution of the proceeds; and that the purchaser be placed in immediate possession of the road upon compliance with the terms, the State retaining a lien for all time payments under general internal improvement law of February, 1853. The bill "on revenue collections" authorizes all Tax Collectors who were in office in 1860 or 1861 to exercise the privileges and duties of Tax Collectors in regard to any tax list in their hands previous to the late war for eighteen months after the passage of this act. The County Court of any county in this State may, within twelve months after the passage of this act, release taxes assessed for the county and State on any species of property on which the taxes have not been paid, and which the Tax Collector has been prevented from collecting by the attempted secession of the State, when it is made to appear to their satisfaction that the same has not been collected, and could not be, from the fact of the attempted secession of this State, or from any other cause originating from the late civil war, and a certificate copy of such release, under the signature of the clerk of said court, shall be the evidence on which the Comptroller of the State shall settle with such tax collector for the years 1860 and 1861. The resolutions complimentary of Comptroller Blackburn were introduced by Mr. Woodcock in these words: "That the thanks of the House are due and are hereby tendered to G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Senate, for the satisfactory manner in which he efficient the payment of our last July interest, and for his energetic efforts in furnishing the House with clear and competent reports of the present financial condition of the State. A motion having been made to take up the resolution, Mr. Woodcock said that he wished to have the resolution considered in a full house, and he did not therefore wish it to be acted upon until after the holidays.

FROM DYERSBURG.

From Neal's State Gazette.]

The sun again shines upon Dyer county, and our people have still another opportunity to grow rich and prosperous. The late railroad controversy in Memphis has been of great benefit to the Mississippi River Railroad. The importance of this great enterprise, and its many advantages over any other road in this part of the country, are now admitted by every intelligent man. Memphis "sees it," and will give aid to the amount of $300,000—and she can well afford to do it, for a princely trade that legitimately belongs to her, now goes North, and will continue to do so until this road is built. Shelby county, on the first of next month, will take stock in our road to a considerable amount. And, now, what will Dyer county do? Surely the events of the past two months should be remembered and provided against, for the future.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

GRIFFING—The friends and acquaintances of J. C. GRIFFING and family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 194 Alabama street, this Monday morning, at 11 o'clock. Carriages in attendance at Holst & Co.'s, 329 Main street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Special Notice.

PARTIES holding bills of lading for Flour against the steamer GEM, from St. Louis, will present the same TO-DAY, at 10 a.m., on the levee, at the foot of Monroe street.
dec21 it R. W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent.

WANTED—A situation as BOOK-KEEPER by a man of several years' experience in first-class houses. The applicant was born and raised in the city, has a large circle of acquaintances, and can produce the best of business references for honesty and capacity. Will be ready to take a situation on January 1st. Address Q. Z. 21., at this office. dec19

Dissolution.

THE the firm of ROBESON, SNEED & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the undersigned having disposed of his interest to Messrs. J. W. Sneed & Co., by whom the business will be continued.

DAN. S. ROBESON.
December 19, 1868. dec20 1w

MASONIC NOTICE.—The United Assembly of Eureka Council No. 8, of Royal and Select Masters, will be held in Council Hall, Chamber, Odd Fellows' Building, on Monday Evening, 21st inst., at 7 o'clock.

A prompt attendance of every member is desired, as business of great importance will come before the Council.

All Royal and Select Masters are fraternally invited. By order of

JOHN ZENT, T. I. M.
N. J. WIGGINS, Recorder. dec21

Leath Orphan Asylum.

THE Trustees, Managers and friends of this Institution, and those willing to promote its objects will meet in the Lecture Room of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, at 7 o'clock p. m. Tuesday evening, 22d December. There will be an election of Managers for the ensuing year, and one or more addresses expected during the evening.

All friendly to the orphan cause are earnestly requested to attend.

dec20 C. K. JOHNSON, President.

To Close Out!

I OFFER for sale my entire business, consisting of a carefully assorted stock of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc., Etc.,

Fixtures and good will, AT A BARGAIN.

Until further notice, goods sold at retail at C. ST PRICES, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A. B. MULLER, Agent,
watchmaker and jeweler,
dec20 2w 183 Main Street.

ROBERT J. MORGAN, MILTON P. JARNAGIN,
R. DUDLEY FRAYSER.

Morgan, Jarnagin & Frayser,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

No. 10 Madison Street (first floor).

R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds of the following States for the State of Tennessee:

Alabama,	Indiana,	Maryland,
Arkansas,	Iowa,	Michigan,
Florida,	Kentucky,	Minnesota,
Georgia,	Louisiana,	Mississippi
Illinois,	Massachusetts,	Missouri,
Kansas,	Maine,	Nebraska,
New York,	Ohio,	Pennsylvania,
Texas,	Virginia,	Wisconsin,
And other States.		dec20 1m

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA

69th ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY:

A. A. LIPSCOMB, D.D., Chancellor.
P. H. MELL, D.D., Vice-Chancellor, Metaphysics.
WM. RUTHERFORD, A.M., Mathematics.
WM. H. WADDELL, A.M., Ancient Languages.
W. L. J. NEIS, M.D., Natural Sciences.
W. L. BRUN, A.M., Natural Philosophy.
L. H. CHARBONNIER, A.M., Civil Engineering.
Hon. A. H. STEPHENS, A.M., History.
M. J. SMEAD, Ph.D., Modern Languages.
CHAS. MORRIS, A.M., Rhetoric and Oratory.
W. L. MITCHELL, A.M., Law.
B. H. HILL, A.M., Law.
R. D. MOORE, M.D., Law.
B. T. HUNTER, A.M., University High School.

The second Term opens on the 15th of January, 1869. The above named officers will take charge of their respective Chairs on that day. Tuition for the term, $60. Board, $20 a month—may be reduced to $15 by clubbing. Thirty five beneficiary appointments are vacant.

For catalogues, etc., apply to

WILLIAM HENRY WADDELL,
dec20 3t Cor. Sec. Fac. Univ. Ga., Athens, Ga.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the German National Bank of Memphis that there will be an Election held at the Banking House on

Tuesday, January 12th, 1869,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., for the purpose of choosing Seven Directors to serve during the ensuing year.

dec17 td MARTIN GRIFFIN, Cashier.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WHOLESALE GROCERS

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

No. 266 Front Street,

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE, one of the largest and best selected stocks of Goods in their line to be found in the market, and which they are prepared to sell to the trade and all close cash customers on as favorable terms as can be had (transportation added) in St. Louis, Cincinnati or Louisville. Our stock, as above, consists in part of—

400 barrels assorted brands Flour, including "Musconian Star," "R. E. Lee," and Baker's Best."
400 kegs Leaf Lard,
200 cases Fairbanks, Peck & Co.'s Pressed Lard.
50 barrels Mess Pork,
20 cases Bulk Sides and Shoulders,
20 hhds. Fair to Choice Louisiana Sugar,
10 barrels Crushed and Powdered Sugars,
50 " Coffee A Sugar,
300 sits Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel,
25 half barrels Mackerel,
200 pkgs. Candles,
200 cases Cove Oysters,
20 cases Sardines,
75 barrels Rectified Whisky,
50 " Bourbon, Rye and Robinson County Whiskies,
20 barrels Tennessee White Whisky,
50 caddies Tobacco—various brands,
25 boxes Tobacco—various brands,
150 sacks Coffee—fair to enoice,
70 packets old Government Java Coffee,
100 pkgs Raisins,
200 boxes P. D. and W. R. Cheese,
100 cases Fresh Tomatoes,
200 cases Assorted Fruits,
50 boxes soda,
100 boxes Olive and Pall Soap,
60 boxes Frasive Soap,
25 cases Telegraph Matches,
100 pieces "Eagle" Bagging,
200 bundles Iron Ties,
40 dozen Brooms,
100 kegs New Molasses,
25 barrels Choice Molasses,
20 cases Fine Imperial Tea,
50 dozen Washboards,
20 dozen Sieves,
150 kegs Nails—assorted, etc., etc., etc.

We ask an examination of Stock and prices, and are prepared to offer such inducements as cannot fail to meet the views of buyers.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
dec20 1w 266 Front Street.

YOUNG & BROTHER,
Booksellers & Stationers
No. 248 Main Street.

Writing Desks, Portfolios,
Bibles, Chess Boards,
Prayer Books, Gift Books,
Toy Books, Juveniles,

For sale by YOUNG & BROTHER,
dec9 1t No. 248 Main Street, Memphis.

JUST RECEIVED—
40 bbls. Choice Onions,
25 bbls. Oranges,
200 bbls. Fine Peachblow Potatoes,
200 boxes and quarter boxes Raisins,
175 bbls. Family Flour,
10 Hercs sugar-cured New Hams,
25 bbls. Choice Molasses,
300 boxes Spices and Can Goods,
200 kegs and half bbls. Pigs' Feet,
10 bbls. Oil in Sets,
Together with a full assortment of Fancy and Staple Groceries, Wines and Liquors, at
G. A. ECKERLY'S, No. 341 Front Street,
dec9 1w Between Union and Gayoso Sts.

S. STERNBERG & CO.,
Removed from 334 Front,
To 300 Front.
Wholesale dealers in TOBACCO AND CIGARS. nov8 1f

HOLIDAY GOODS

CHRISTMAS GIFTS!

CALL AT 315 MAIN STREET,

And see our Stock of elegant

Writing Desks,
Ladies' Work Boxes,
Glove Boxes,
Handkerchief Boxes,
Gift Books, Jewel Cases, Etc.
Illuminated Bibles,
Photograph Albums,
Juvenile Books,
Toy Books,
Pocket Knives, Building Blocks, Etc.
Gold Pens,
Pocket Books,
Initial Stationery
and Plauchette,

The finest assortment in town, and will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

CHURCH & CO.,
dec8 315 Main Street, Memphis.

265 MAIN ST., COR. COURT.

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,
(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.)

JEWELERS,

HAVE IN STORE AN

UNEQUALED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

PLATED WARES

OF THE BEST

AMERICAN & ENGLISH MANUFACTURE

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,
265 Main Street.
dec17 1m

PRICE REDUCED TO $2 50!

THE MEMPHIS WEEKLY APPEAL,

THE LARGEST

Paper in the South or Southwest

33 BY 52 INCHES,

CONTAINING

40 Columns of Reading Matter,

IS FURNISHED TO

REGULAR SUBSCRIBERS

—AT—

$2 50 per Annum,

$1 25 per Six Months; or

75 cts. per Three Months.

Clubs of two or more will be supplied at $2 00.

The columns of the APPEAL will be devoted to the LATEST NEWS, TELEGRAPH REPORTS, and choice selections of READING MATTER.

Special attention will be given to our MARKET REPORTS. No effort will be spared to advance SOUTHERN INTERESTS and SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES.

The stirring events of the present day make it necessary for every man to become a subscriber to a good newspaper. To supply this want, we offer the APPEAL at the above extremely low rates, confident that the price is within the reach of all. We promise that the APPEAL, as heretofore, shall continue to give universal satisfaction.

Remittances can be made either by Post-office Money Order or by Registered Letter.

Postmasters throughout the United States are requested to act as Agents.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.,
Editors and Proprietors,
Memphis, Tenn.

Mississippi Cotton Plantations

For Rent.

EIGHT PLANTATIONS NEAR BEULAH, Bolivar county, Miss. thoroughly protected from inundation by the new levees.

Four Plantations for sale.

CLARK & MONTGOMERY
dec9 1jal Beulah, Mississippi.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Monday Evening, December 21—First night of MARY GLAISTANE as "Queen Elizabeth." Also, the Wonder of the Age, Mlle TURNOUR on the Flying Trapeze.

Tuesday Night—MARY STUART and Mlle TURNOUR.

SCALE OF PRICES—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

ORPHANS' FAIR

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

ST. PETER'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

—IN—

NEW ASSEMBLY HALL

No. 383 Main St., commencing

MONDAY, DECEMBER 21ST.

Tickets of Admission, - - 25 Cents.
dec17 2w

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

POSITIVELY SIX NIGHTS ONLY.

Commencing Monday Evening, Dec. 21st,

REUNION and Farewell Visit to Memphis of all the world-famed

HANLON BROTHERS,

GEORGE,
WILLIAM,
ALFRED,
EDWARD,
FREDERICK,
(and the little Hanlon boys)
JULIEN, VICTOR, FRANCOIS,

And their new Transatlantic Combination, now making their Farewell Tour of the United States. In addition to the attractions presented by the HANLONS, they have also engaged the following European celebrities:

PFAU,

The daring young Russian Athlete and Champion of the world upon the FLYING TRAPEZE, who will perform his blood-chilling leap of 75 feet through mid-air, turning a somersault in his tremendous aerial flight.

Accompanying the HANLONS is Mr. and Mrs. BRENNAN, Burlesque Operatic Artists.
Mr. JAMES BLAMPHIN, Europe's greatest Harpist.
Miss EMILY THORNE, The accomplished Comedienne and Vocalist.
Mr. ALFRED B. SEDGWICK, Concertina and Buffo Singer.
Messrs. SYLVANI and BENEDICT, Grotesque Artist.

Admission.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Family Circle, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Seats can now be secured from diagram of Hall at E. Katzenbach's Music Store, 317 Main street, WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; commence at 8.

The house will be thoroughly heated at each entertainment.

Only Hanlon Matinee, for ladies and children, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 26th. E. KENDALL,
dec8 1w Business Manager.

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner Main and Washington Sts.

CHAS. H. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager

THE ABOVE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IS open nightly with a Talented Company of Artists, each one acknowledged to be a Star in his or her speciality. The entertainment consists of Sentimental and Comic Singing, Dancing, Farces, Burlesques, Sensational Dramas, Negro Acts, etc.

Admission, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5. Doors open at half-past 6 o'clock; curtain rises at half-past 7. dec8

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS

—AT—

WHOLESALE!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

NEW STYLES

SPRAGUE'S,
ALLEN'S AND
MERRIMACK

PRINTS.

Osnaburgs,
Kentucky Jeans,
Tennessee Plaids,

OFFERED LOW

—TO—

CASH BUYERS!

MENKEN BROTHERS,

Corner Court and Main Sts.

JEWELRY, ETC.

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

No. 265,

Corner Main and Court.

Sterling Silver Wares,
Very Superior Watches,
Rich Jewelry and Diamonds,
Fine French Clocks,

(In Marble and Gold Bronze).

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,
(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.,)
dec8 1m s 265 MAIN STREET.

CARDS.

A CARD.

THE LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S SALOON at Jos. Specht's is re-opened, where

Oysters, Coffee, Chocolate, Etc.,

Will be served in the best style. The undersigned most respectfully invites his friends to give him a call.

JOSEPH SPECHT,
No. 37 Madison Street.
nov15 1m

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PHELAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

BULKLEY, FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee and Central Alabama.
jel4 d1fawlm

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

A. SEESSEL & SON,

Beg leave to offer to the Public their Immense

SECOND STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Silks,
Satins,
Irish and French Poplins,
Merinos,
Empress Cloths,

AND A VARIETY OF

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS

Which we propose to SELL at prices defying EASTERN AUCTION SALES.

Trimmings, Buttons and Novelties, a Splendid Assortment.

OUR STOCK OF CLOAKS,

Manufactured under our supervision, in the East, which we defy HOME MANUFACTURE. An immense Stock of FURS, FURS, at prices to suit the Public. In addition to the above,

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS

—FOR—

JOBBING AND PLANTATION PURPOSES COMPLETE

All we ask is a call. Try us and judge for yourselves.

A. SEESSEL & SON,
259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

THE MOST USEFUL PRESENTS IN GREAT VARIETY

—AT—

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

During the ensuing week, and until after the Holidays, we offer

Great Inducements

—IN—

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!
CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
FURS! FURS!
BALMORAL SKIRTS!

In all of which we have the most complete stock ever brought to this city; also, an immense New Stock of

BLANKETS! BLANKETS!
FLANNELS! FLANNELS!
HOSIERY! GLOVES!
AND NOTIONS!

IN WHICH WE OFFER INDUCEMENTS TO ALL BUYERS.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
242 Main Street, Corner Jefferson.

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

No. 17 Madison Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

AMOS WOODRUFF, President,
T. A. NELSON, F. M. WHITE, } Vice-Presidents.
WM. MAY, Secretary,
CHAS. T. PATTERSON, Ass't Secretary,
F. S. DAVIS, Treasurer.

Capital, : : : : : : $228,500 00
Surplus, : : : : : : 102,742 06

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

DEATH OF JASPER C. GRIFFING.—It becomes our painful duty to announce this morning the death in his 52d year of Mr. Jasper C. Griffing, well known as one among the oldest and most respected members of the mercantile community. He breathed his last yesterday morning at six o'clock, surrounded by all the members of his family. Mr. Griffing began his life in Memphis in 1846 in connection with Mr. William G. Ford, with whom he continued in business until 1854 when, upon the retiracy of Mr. Ford, he associated himself with Mr. James Elder, (the well known banker) who retired after a few years leaving the business in the hands of Mr. Griffing and his brother James, by whom it was conducted until the capture of Memphis. For a few years, in common with most of the old merchants of Memphis, Mr. Griffing refrained from all participation in business affairs, and did not resume until peace was declared, when he commenced as a cotton broker, in which he continued until his death. The deceased gentleman was noted for his steady habits, his fidelity to business trusts and his strong attachment to his family and friends. The utmost regularity marked his daily conduct, and he was by all regarded a model business man. His death, which was pretty generally known yesterday by noon, was received in all circles with profound regret, especially by the members of the First Presbyterian Church, where for twenty years he was a constant attendant. It was our pleasure to know Mr. Griffing as neighbor and friend, and it is with sincere sorrow we chronicle his demise. In his death, society has lost a good man, the mercantile profession an upright and honest member, and the city a model citizen. We tender our heartfelt regrets to the stricken ones, and hope this bereavement may be tempered to them by the blessings of a good and gracious God.

The funeral of Mr. Griffing will take place from his late residence, on Alabama street, at 11 o'clock this morning

Christmas Books—H. Wade & Co. 5t

PAPER and Envelopes stamped with Initials, at Young & Brother's. 3t

FURS. Furs, Furs, cheap at Wheaton & Co's. 1w

GEO. PATTISON & CO., Books and Stationery. tf

BARGAINS IN TOYS, wholesale and retail, 347 Main st., Moffatt's old stand. tf

FRESH turkeys, chickens, eggs and butter, at C. C. Jackson's, 59 Adams street. tf

WANTED—Fifteen hands. Apply to lumber yard, 152 Adams street. tf

You can have old felt hats made into the new style, "Alpine," by M. Cohen, 284 Main street. 1w

THE curious seem to think that The Great General Restorative has had something to do with making the big ox so fat.

IRISH Poplins, best quality and all shades, at $1 25 per yard.
tf RICE & ENGEL.

OLD RELIABLE.—The best of Pittsburg coal, lump, nut and slack, sold by Bigley, Mellersh & Co., South Court and Main streets, Bethel Block. Rates always as low as the lowest. tf

CITY, COUNTY AND SCHOOL SCRIP for sale, in amounts to suit tax-payers, at Exmet Savings Institution, No. 6 Madison street. tf

A PRESENT WORTH HAVING—One of Grover & Baker's celebrated elastic-stitch Sewing Machines, which combines the useful with the ornamental. Salesroom 325 Main street. 1w

THE PEABODY HOTEL is now open for the reception of transient guests and boarders. Price per day, $4 00. Day Board, $40 per month. We will be glad to welcome our old friends and guests.
tf D. COCKRELL & SONS.

GOOD Hats, Caps and Furs, very cheap at Wheaton & Co's, 199 Main st. 1w

CORNS! CORNS! CORNS!—Dr. J. Lindoman, Surgeon Chiropodist, at St. Louis, has arrived for the purpose of curing Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing nails. He cures without pain or drawing blood, by a new process. Give him a call at the Overton Hotel for a few days. 2t

TO THE LADIES.—We have just received a large lot of Black Alpacas, Empress Cloths and Fancy Poplins, which were purchased at such reduced prices that we are enabled to sell them at lower figures than any other house in the city. An examination of our goods will convince you of the above facts, and we would especially invite your attention to a lot Poplins, of the most elegant styles, which we sell at fifty cents per yard. Our stock of Opera Cloaks is well assorted, and we offer them at New York cost. RICE & ENGEL.
tf 239 Main street.

MIKE FOVENGOLE so well known as an employee of the Garibaldi Shaving Saloon for three years, and for the past four months at Fred. Wolff's, has become associated with P. J. Kreig, at No. 57½ Jefferson street, where he will be happy to have his friends call and see him.

THERE were seven arrests up to six o'clock, p. m. at the Second District station house. "D & D," nearly all—which hieroglyphics being interpreted mean "drunk and disorderly.

WIFE BEATING.—James Kane, a denizen of Happy Hollow, was jugged yesterday evening for getting too much benzine aboard, and walloping his wife. Henry Leonard was also treated to dry lodgings, for the same amusement. "Sarves 'em right," is the verdict of Happy Hollow.

JUDGE SHACKELFORD'S SUCCESSOR.—Governor Brownlow, again giving home Radical talent the go-by, has appointed Captain Otis to succeed Judge Shackelford as Chancellor. The commission has been here some days. Captain Otis is in Chicago, and has been telegraphed to return.

FURNITURE.—Fifteen sets of fine and plain furniture, carpets, hair and cotton mattresses, for sale cheap by Mrs. E. Smith, 317 Main street. Call and get bargains tjal

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, has Godey for January, 1869, and December, 1868; Paterson, and all the latest monthlies, weeklies and dailies, from everywhere. He is agent for Father A. J. Ryan's paper, Banner of the South, and keeps it on his counters, for sale. tf

THE raffle for the silver tea set will come off at Father Riordan's residence, on Linden street, at four o'clock this afternoon, all those holding chances will please attend.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.—The great excitement still prevails at the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine rooms. Seventeen machines were engaged yesterday for Christmas presents. These silent feed machines are the great favorites. The company manufactured this year up to December 1st, 110 000, and are behind on their orders, 14,000. Any one can be convinced that these machines have no equal, by calling and witnessing their equal, at 256 Second street. 7t operation.

TO THE LADIES.—We have just received our sixth lot of Ladies' Cloaks this season, which for style, elegance, beauty and cheapness, surpass any thing ever made in or brought to this market. We invite special attention to our fancy colored Chinchilla Cloaks trimmed after the latest Parisian styles
RICE & ENGEL, 239 Main Street.
tf

MORGAN AGAIN.

He Turns Up in Louisville.

He Presents a Forged Check to a Firm There, but is Again Unsuccessful.

He is Still on His Travels.

R. S. Morgan, who made the unsuccessful attempt on the First National Bank of this city, a few days ago, and so suddenly disappeared, turned up in Louisville a couple of days subsequent to his debut here, and made a similar failure, in an almost identical peration to the one so boldly attempted on the First National.

His conduct in both cases was marked by extraordinary coolness, and the good fortune alone and astuteness of the parties whom he chose to operate upon saved them from being victimized.

He evidently went directly from this city to Louisville and lost no time in getting to work. Proceeding directly to the establishment of Messrs. Tapp, Walsh & Barry, 268 Main street, wholesale dry goods dealers, and presented a letter of introduction purporting to be signed by G. W. Hall, of the firm of Anthony & Hall, dry goods dealers of New York. He was, of course, politely received and in further conversation informed the firm that he was stopping at the Louisville Hotel; that he was a Connecticut farmer, and was on his way to Bowling Green, near which place he intended to buy a farm. In this instance, instead of being attired as the elegant, easy gentleman of leisure or banker, as he was here, he was dressed as a farmer, and his honest drawl and perfect self-possession would have led any one to believe him a plain, matter-of-fact farmer, rather verdant, if anything, but certainly harmless and well disposed.

After conversing a short time with several members of the firm, he proceeded to business. He asked to be identified at some of the banks as he had a check he wanted cashed. Some questions being put to him as to what he was engaged in, he replied that he was trading, but when asked what particular branch of trade he was in he evaded the question several times, and then said he was not trading here. Then he was asked the amount of the check, when he drew from his pocket a check for $4550, purporting to be drawn by Elisha T. Read, cashier of the National Union Bank of Woonsocket, Rhode Island, on the Suffolk National Bank of Boston, and payable to R. S. Morgan, or order.

Mr. T. J. Tapp took the check and looked at it, but as he had not recognized the signature of Mr. Hall, he felt some misgivings as to Morgan and the paper. He then told Morgan that he could not introduce him as Mr. Morgan without being certain of the signature, and to this Morgan replied that the money would not be needed for several days, and proposed to leave the check for collection, Mr. Tapp replied that he would introduce him to Mr. Lindenberger, the cashier of the Merchant's Bank, who would collect the money.

On being introduced to Mr. Lindenberger, Morgan indorsed the check with the name "R. S. Morgan," and left it for collection. He was then asked to leave his signature, but he objected, saying he would be away two weeks, and that when he should want the money he would call and get it. Mr. Tapp and the cashier insisting, he signed his name, but, in writing the second initial of his name, he forgot only a portion of the "S," making it resemble an "J." His attention was called to this, and, with an additional stroke of the pen, he then completed the suspicious looking "S."

Tapp and Morgan soon after left the bank, and next morning Morgan took the Nashville train, ostensibly for Bowling Green. Mr. Tapp immediately communicated with Anthony & Hall in regard to the letter introducing the Connecticut farmer, and yesterday received in reply the following somewhat startling reply:

NEW YORK, December 17.

Tapp, Walsh & Barry, Louisville:

Your letter of the 14th is received. The letter of introduction signed "Geo. W. Hall" is a forgery.

ANTHONY & HALL.

We suppose that the airing given the gentleman through the press dispatches will prevent him from trying "R. J." or "R. S. Morgan" and the "Woonsocket Bank" on again, but we advise the Nashvillians and others to keep a sharp lookout for this clever "down-East" thief, who, sharp as he evidently is, naturally has been made more so by his experience in Memphis and Louisville. If he had not "gone for" such large sums he would, in all probability, have succeeded in both instances. This he will no doubt see, and will strike for smaller amounts in future, with more chances of success.

BARGAINS IN TOYS, wholesale and retail, 347 Main st., Moffatt's old stand. tf

Children's Books—H. Wade & Co. 5t

FOR SALE.—A good paying business. For particulars call on Joe Locke, 236½ Main street. 2t

"BEAUTIFUL," exclaim all, at the choice cakes and pastries so easily produced from Morgan's Self-Rising Flour. Ask your grocer for it.
2t tf FINNIE & BUCKHAM.

THE HOLIDAY silk dress Hat at Wheaton & Co's., 199 Main street. 1w

A NEW MARKET.—Mr. Charley Kney, of Beal-street market, is opening a nice market at 68 Jefferson street, for the sale of meats. If he keeps there—and there is no doubt of it—the same quality of beef, etc., to be always found at his old stand, the public will not be long in doubt where to obtain fine beef and mutton every day. Mr. Hornby will be associated with him. 4t

POCKET Knives—a fine assortment just received at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. tf

MESSRS. BIGLEY, MELLERSH & CO. are prepared to furnish, at the very shortest notice, hotels, factories or private dwellings with coal or wood in any quantity or of any quality. Call at their office, corner South Court and Main streets, and leave your orders for fuel. 2t

TO THE CITIZENS OF THE SIXTH WARD.—A meeting will be held to-morrow evening, December 21, for the purpose of nominating an Alderman of the said Ward. All citizens are respectfully invited to attend, at Waldran block, at half past seven o'clock.

LADIES! If you want a good Cloak for little money, go to Rice & Engel's.
nov28 tf

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, has Godey for January, 1869, and December, 1868; Paterson, and all the latest monthlies, weeklies and dailies, from everywhere. He is agent for Father A. J. Ryan's paper, Banner of the South, and keeps it on his counters, for sale. tf

THE raffle for the silver tea set will come off at Father Riordan's residence, on Linden street, at four o'clock this afternoon, all those holding chances will please attend.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.—The great excitement still prevails at the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine rooms. Seventeen machines were engaged yesterday for Christmas presents. These silent feed machines are the great favorites. The company manufactured this year up to December 1st, 110 000, and are behind on their orders, 14,000. Any one can be convinced that these machines have no equal, by calling and witnessing their equal, at 256 Second street. 7t operation.

TO THE LADIES.—We have just received our sixth lot of Ladies' Cloaks this season, which for style, elegance, beauty and cheapness, surpass any thing ever made in or brought to this market. We invite special attention to our fancy colored Chinchilla Cloaks trimmed after the latest Parisian styles
RICE & ENGEL, 239 Main Street.
tf

IRISH Poplins, best quality and all shades, at $1 25 per yard.
tf RICE & ENGEL.

PHOTOGRAPH Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Young & Brother. 3t

NARROW ESCAPE.

Frightful Adventure on the Miss. and Tenn. Railroad.

Saved in the Jaws of Death.

The Grenada *Sentinel* has the following account of a narrow and thrilling escape from a horrible death:

While the down train of the Mississippi and Tennessee railway, on Wednesday night last, was passing a cross-road a short distance south of Tunatobia, just before reaching a trestleway, a runaway horse and rider dashed suddenly just in front of the swift speeded locomotive. Every passenger was startled by the fierce and thrilling whistle "put down brakes," and again the same sound came more heart-telling than before, and all was still as death. Passengers clutched their seats and looked to their neighbors as though for information. The train came to a full stop, to the great relief of all. It seems the locomotive struck the animal as it plunged headlong into the trestle way, throwing its rider, who fell down, just as the horse was struck by the cow-catcher and instantly killed. The rider proved to be a Mr. Dane, depot agent at Tunatobia. The train returned about four hundred yards, and the officers sought the spot. When they reached it they found Mr. Dane, badly but not dangerously injured, in the hands of his friends.

ST. THOMAS' DAY.

To-day is the winter solstice, the shortest day of the year, and also the festival of St. Thomas. This feast was instituted in the twelfth century, and as an old author alleges was assigned a high place in the ecclesiastical calendar, from the fact of this Apostle having been vouchsafed the most indisputable evidence of the resurrection. In pictorial art of the middle ages, illuminations, etc., St. Thomas is always represented as holding a builder's square, and in accordance with an old legend is regarded as the patron of architects and builders. It is said that after the dispersion of the Apostles, St Thomas preached the Gospel to the Medes, Persians, Bactrians, Ethiopians and Indians, among the latter of whom he suffered martyrdom at Meliapoon, and was buried in a church which he had caused to be erected in that city. Marco Polo, who traveled through that country in the 13th century, says: "In that province of Malabar, is the body of that glorious martyr, St. Thomas, the Apostle, who there suffered martyrdom. It rests in a small city, not frequented by many merchants, because unsuited to the purposes of commerce; but from devotional motives a vast number, both Christians and Saracens, resort thither. The Christians who perform this pilgrimage collect earth, which is of a red color, from the spot where he was slain, and reverently carry that with them, often employing it afterward in miracles and giving it in water to the sick by which many disorders are cured. A variety of miracles are daily performed at the tomb of St. Thomas through the interposition of the blessed Apostle.

Sir John Mandeville, in his travels, describes the same country as a "great kingdom containing many fair cities and towns. In that kingdom lies the body of St. Thomas the Apostle in flesh and bone, in a fair tomb in the city of Calamy—for there he was martyred and buried. But men of Assyria carried his body into Messopotamia, into the city of Edessa; and afterwards he was brought thither again. And the arm and hand he put to our Lord's side, when he appeared to him after his resurrection, is yet lying in a vessel without the tomb. By that hand they there make all their judgments. For when there is any dissension between two parties, and each of them maintain his own cause, both parties write their own causes on two bills and put them in the hand of St. Thomas; and anon the hand casts away the bill of the wrong cause, and holds still the bill with the right cause, and therefore men come from far countries to have judgments of doubtful causes." This statement of Mandeville is accompanied by an illumination representing the hand of St. Thomas throwing away a "bill" and seizing another.

The festival of St. Thomas has been placed by the church in the second course of holidays, beginning at Advent; our Savior having vouchsafed to him, as we have stated, the most indisputable evidence of his resurrection. St. Thomas may be known in all graphic representations by the lance he holds in token of the mode in which his life and sufferings were terminated.

BANKRUPTCY LUNCH, for everybody in creation who has taken the benefit of the bankrupt law, free of all expenses. Lager Beer during lunch *five cents a glass*, at F. A. Siebert's, No. 31 Adams street.

P. S.—Persons without money are invited also.

LADIES! All kinds of Dress Goods, lower than any place in the city, at Rice & Engel's. nov28 tf

NEW style silk dress Hats, very fine and cheap, at Wheaton & Co's. 1w

GOODYEAR & FALLS, Druggists and Apothecaries, 291 Main street, between Court and Madison streets, are now ready to supply their customers with pure drugs, chemicals, perfumery, fancy and toilet articles. Prescriptions will receive special attention. 1w

BARGAINS IN TOYS, wholesale and retail, 347 Main st., Moffatt's old stand. tf

THE OLD MEMPHIS brass and string band will give their first annual ball on Tuesday evening, at the Memphis Club Hall. From the character of the gentlemen comprising the band and getting up the entertainment, we have no doubt it will be a brilliant affair.

HO! FOR THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS! *J. D. Edwards still ahead.*—While the young people are dancing with joy in anticipation over the gifts of "Santa Claus," the grown people should not forget to fill their "larders" with the good things of life, which can only be had at the store of J. D. Edwards, who will have on hand everything to please the palate and attract the eye,

so come, my good friends, come one and come all,
To J. D. Edwards', and give him a call;
As for *turkeys* and *oysters* with *celery* fine,
He defies competition with all in his line;
And if you don't think so, why just come and try,
As none ever sell without nastening to buy;
Where good things are plenty, of the very first class,
Will be sold to you cheap, both early and late—
At Edwards', on Second, No. 278. 1w

GIFT BOOKS, GIFT BOOKS, in endless variety and style—finest assortment in the city, at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. tf

Writing Desks—H. Wade & Co. 5t

OLD CLOTHING MADE NEW.—Thos. H. Hunt & Co., No. 246 Second street, are prepared to do all kinds of cleaning, dying and scouring. They will make old clothes look as good as bran new, and that at a cost which, compared with new ones, is almost nothing. By a new process the original luster and shape of the garment is preserved in an astonishing manner. Gentlemen will consult economy by sending Hunt & Co. their old garments. 2t

ALL new style Hats, cheap, at Wheaton & Co's. 1w

MYSTERIOUS.—We take the following from the White County *Record*, of Searcy, Arkansas: "A correspondent says that some ten days ago a man by the name of Hill left Searcy, on very urgent business, to go to his cousin's, near Peach Orchard Gap, some seventeen miles southwest of this place, to return the next day. He was seen some ten miles on his route to the Gap,, and in a very few minutes afterwards three pistol shots were heard. There was but little thought of it at first, but circumstances since lead to the belief that these shots were the death of Hill, as he has never been heard from since. Hill was known to have a good deal of money, and it is feared he was murdered for his money. He came from Memphis to this place about the 1st of November, 1868. He signed his name W. Hill."

MORTUARY REPORT.

Interments for the week ending Saturday, December 19 1868, at 12 m:

Charles Baergartner, 35 years, white male, apoplexy; A Montaverde, 2 years, white male, dysentery; S. Kincella, 55 years, white male, consumption; V T McKinney, 2 years, white male, congestion of the bowels; J Anderson, 20 years, black female, consumption; E A Palmer, 3 years, black female, unknown.

FLAHERTY & WALSH, Undertakers.

Ed Pickett, 28 years, white male, injuries received from a fall; Owen McFarlan, 35 years, white male, pneumonia; J Stapleton, 30 years, white male, apoplexy; A Casey, 4 months, black female, spasms.

OWEN SMITH, Undertaker.

D Quinlin, 32 years, white male, consumption; M Davis, 55 years, black female, dropsy; infant of W B Mitchell, white male, premature birth; infant of W B Mitchell, 1 day, white female, premature birth; —— Walker, 17 years, white female, small pox; infant of M Shelby, white male, still born; G Shelby, 22 years, white female, child birth; Chas Harder, 6 months, white male, pneumonia; infant of J Shridrick, black male, still born; M. Douglass, 25 years, black female, consumption.

J. C. ROLST & CO., Undertakers.

A Harris, 21 years, black male; L Bayan, 21 years, black female; E Duke, 55 years, black male; E Scruggs, 9 years, black female; G Page, black male; negro child, 4 days; Jack, 60 years, black male; negro child, 2 days; P Miller 17 years; J Cooley, 48 years, black male; M Grooms, 40 years, black female; M Kilfag, 16 years, black female

MCCAFFREY & CORNELIUS, Undertakers.

RECAPITULATION.—Whites 14; negroes 19; total 33.

W. E. ROGERS, M. D., Health Officer.

THEATER—MRS. GLADSTANE.—After several weeks of the spectacular and sensational drama, we return this evening to the legitimate drama, Mrs Mary Gladstane appearing as "Elizabeth," in the magnificent tragedy "*Elizabeth, Queen of England*," written by the great Italian dramatist Giacometti, and one of Ristori's greatest parts. Of Miss Gladstane's representation of this character the Cleveland *Plaindealer* says: "Her perfect realization of the scope and spirit of the character was perhaps more fully developed, but as she left nothing to be desired on the first evening, the second performance presented no new claims to admiration, though fully confirming our first judgment. As with all really great *artistes*, the leading quality of Mrs. Gladstane's acting is its earnestness, the result of an entire devotion to the thing in hand, and there can be no real excellence on the stage without this quality. Mrs. Gladstane succeeds in completely absorbing the character she portrays, and thus largely concealing her personal identity, brings into full relief her ideal." In addition to this great attraction of the legitimate stage, the management have secured the already renowned (though but a child) Mlle Tournour, who will, as an *entrecte*, perform her wonderful feats on the trapeze, which have gained for her the name of "Queen of the air." It is also whispered about that the management, in order to have an offset to the velocipede of the Hanlons, have secured the services of the "Steam Man" for the ensuing week, and have arranged a race down Main street between the two "locomotives."

DIARIES 1869, DIARIES 1869.—A large assortment at very low prices to be had at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. Now is the time to selec

JACKSON WEEKLY TRIBUNE.—This is the title of a new paper shortly to be started at Jackson, Tenn., by the Messrs. Milligan Brothers, late of the Corinth *Weekly News*. These gentlemen are old and experienced newspaper men and, under their superintendence, the *Tribune* will surely be a success. The editorial management of the paper will be under the control of Col. D. M. Wisdom, a gentleman of wit, culture and ability who, during the late war, won a fame that any soldier might well feel proud of. We wish the new enterprise a long life of usefulness and prosperity.

MEMPHIS, December 21, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

In answer to a call made on me in your paper of yesterday morning, signed "Numerous Voters," asking me to become a candidate for Alderman of the Eighth ward, allow me to say that if a majority of the voters of the ward think I can serve them to any advantage, that I am willing to do so to the best of my ability, and if not, there is no one that will acquiesce in their decision more cheerfully than I—leaving me out of office and out of politics as I have been for the past twenty-four years.

Respectfully, M. MAGEVNEY, Sr.

PERSONAL.—Gerard Reddy, who is now connected with a New York business house, was in town yesterday.

Judge Reed, of the Friars Point *Coahomian*, left for home yesterday evening.

TENNESSEE DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—This body, now in session at Nashville, "got well to work" on Friday last. The following is a synopsis of the proceedings:

The society was called to order at 10 o'clock, at the office of Dr. Chisholm, when on motion discussions on the subject of Microscopy were closed, and the subject of Mechanical Dentistry, upon which a very animated discussion arose upon the comparative merits of gold, rubber, continuous gum, in which Drs. Desmon, Morgan, Chisholm, and others participated. Dr. Love, of Louisville, introduced to the notice of the society Dr. McClelland's new base "Rose Pearl" or collodion, setting forth its merits, claiming main points of superiority for it. At this point the regular order of business was suspended, and a vote of thanks was tendered to the Nashville Medical Society for the courteous offer of their hall to this society during its session; also a vote of thanks to the *Union and American* and *Banner* for courtesies extended. The order of business was resumed until half past one o'clock, when the Association adjourned to meet on Lookout Mountain, July 20, 1869. This meeting was one of great interest to the profession in attendance, and was largely contributed to by visiting members from the adjourning States. The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed throughout.

Toy Books, Juveniles, Young & Brother. 3t

MANY years ago the writer of this notice and an invalid physician, while visiting the Island of St. Croix for their health, experienced and witnessed many surprising and beneficial effects of the Rum there produced upon many of the invalids who were, like ourselves, seeking health, and upon inquiry and investigation, obtained a full history of its medicinal virtues. He was delighted and surprised, and determined to make it the basis of a *Tonic and Restorative Medicine*. The result of his labors was a glorious success for himself and suffering humanity. The celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS was thus made known to the world. Being an article of real merit, founded on new principles, and relying wholly upon the vegetable kingdom for its medicinal effects, it worked a rapid revolution in the treatment of physical debility.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 3td&1tw

THE finest and best oysters ever brought to Memphis, and we may add the cheapest, have been brought here this year, and that by D. Aste & Co., corner of Main and Union streets, who were first to break down the monopoly formerly enjoyed by one man. Messrs. Aste & Co., received to-day a consignment of Lynnhaven, Cherry Stone and Mason's Creek oysters, *in the shell*, which Dominic and Bellichetto will both be glad to serve their customers with. All lovers of good things in the line of bivalves will be sure to take the hint thus thrown out, and repair during the day to the corner of Main and Union.

CARD OF THANKS.—The Building Committee of the Central Baptist Church (Dr. Ford's) desire to return thanks to the gentlemen, not members of the congregation, for the sums annexed to their names, contributed towards the erection of the new church on Second street: Capt. Jos. Lenow, $400; Bronson Bayless, $100; Charles T. Patterson, $100; M. L. Meacham, $100; Mr. Goyer, $50; F. W. Smith, $50; Thos. H. Allen, $50; M. T. Wicks, $50; W. A. Wilkerson, $50; F. S. Davis (First Nat. Bank), $50; W. H. Wood & Elder, $50; J. Tagg, $50; F. M. Cash, $25; J. M. Pettigrew, $25; G. A. Cochran, $25; S. F. McNutt, $25; Newton Ford, $20; J. D. Williams, $20; McCombs & Co., $20; Orgill Bros., $20; F. M. Nelson, $20; J. H. McCown, $10; A. Vaccaro, $10; Mrs. C. Doherty, $10; Martin Walt, $10.

MERITED COMPLIMENT.—We learn that the Rev. J. T. Wheat, Rector of St. Lazarus Church, has received a telegram from San Francisco, Cal., notifying him that by an unanimous vote of the Vestry he had been elected Rector of St. Peter's Church of that city. This is a well merited compliment to Doctor Wheat, as that church is one of the largest and wealthiest in the United States, and shows that he is appreciated as well abroad as at home, but we sincerely hope that he may not feel it incumbent upon to leave old friends to whom he has endeared himself so much, even to accept so lucrative a home in the land of Gold.

THE LATEST NEWS.—Joe Locke has all the latest papers and monthlies, and a stock of books, stationery and "sich like," such as can hardly be matched in town. Those who would be up with the times and store their minds from the literature of the day, should call at Joe's, 236½ Main, near the corner of Jefferson, and get the latest pictorials and the best magazines of the day.

ROSEWOOD Writing Desks, Portfolios, Tourists' Cases, Young & Brother, 248 Main street. 3t

AUCTION

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

N. E. Cor. Main & Jefferson Sts.

☞ Auction Sales of Merchandise, Furniture, etc., at Salesroom every morning at 10 o'clock.

TRADE SALE OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

This Morning,

AT 9 O'CLOCK,

At our Salesroom, we will sell, without reserve,

French and English Merinos.

Satinets,

Cassimeres,

Skirts & Drawers,

Hosiery,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

A fresh and seasonable lot of Goods well adapted to the retail trade of the city and country.

☞ Goods now ready to be shown.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.,

del9 AUCTIONEERS.

GEORGE H. MONSARRAT. JOHN C. LANIER

Monsarrat, Lanier & Co.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

—AND—

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

OFFICE AND SALESROOMS,

No. 276 Second St, Ayres Building,

del tf Memphis, Tennessee.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oc9 tf

GROCERIES.

Spicer & Sharpe,

354 MAIN STREET,

MAGEVNEY BLOCK.

ARE RECEIVING BY EVERY PACKET and by Rail, fresh additions to their large stock of Choice Groceries.

Davis' New Star Breakfast Bacon,

Davis' New Star Hams,

Davis' Beef Tongues

New Figs and Raisins,

Choice Teas,

Pure Spices.

CHOICE FLOUR AT LOW PRICES.

Our goods are fresh and carefully selected. Families will find all they want. We will suit you in prices and goods.

de20 tf SPICER & SHARPE.

THE PAST

Teaching the Present and the Future.

BY ALBERT PIKE.

SELECTIONS

From the Editorial Columns of

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

OF THE YEARS 1867 AND 1868

BY ALBERT PIKE.

It is proposed to publish, in an octavo volume each, two works entitled as above, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained to assure the publishers against loss.

The first work was in part published in the Appeal in 1867.

Whether it or the second is worth publishing, it is for those who have been readers of the Appeal to decide. A desire has been expressed by many to have them in a more enduring form, and the author, unable to publish them himself, consents that they may be published, if that desire is sufficiently general to warrant it.

DRY GOODS.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

—AND—

ESPECIALLY TO OUR PATRONS.

OUR facilities by the late great decline of all kinds of Dress Goods and Fancy Articles, and through our purchases we are enabled to sell our well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Boots, Shoes and especially Clothing, which we intend to close out regardless of cost at such prices as to excel all other houses in this city.

CHEAP TABLE

—OF—

FANCY ARTICLES

WHICH WILL SAVE YOUR MONEY.

Ladies of Memphis and Vicinity,

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. Our prices will at once convince you that we are STILL MASTERS OF THE FIELD.

SAVE MONEY! BUY CHEAP!

—AT—

No. 280 Main St.,

Opposite the Clay Building.

GREAT DECLINE OF PRICES

—AT—

M. WOLF & CO.'S

230 MAIN STREET.

Just Received and Purchased at Panic Prices:

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!

Bombazines,

Irish and French Poplins,

French and English Merinoes,

A Splendid Line Plain and Changeable Alpacas—very cheap;

Chameleon and Waterproofs.

Empress Cloth,

Mohair and Wool Plaids,

All Wool Delaines,

500 dozen Merino and Cotton Hosiery,

Lad and Child Underwears,

HOOP SKIRTS

In style to suit the humblest, and

In Prices to Defy all Competition.

Lad and Gents' Hemstitched, Plain and Embroidered Handkerchiefs,

Bonnet Ribbons, 40 cents per yard.

nov21 1m

HERZOG & BRO.

No. 291 Main Street,

Clark's Marble Block.

Are offering to the public at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Their entire and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

TRIMMINGS.

ZEPHYRS, YARNS, ETC.

We are in receipt of new Goods, and invite the attention of the people of Memphis and vicinity to the inducements offered. nov29

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber.

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Lathe, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river.

p18 dawSm M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

NOTICE.

MR. H. D. BULKLEY has become associated with the undersigned in the Agency of the Carolina Life insurance Company, for Tennessee and Central Alabama, to date from the 1st of November, 1868. The style of the firm will hereafter be Bulkley, Ferguson & Privett.

nov21 1m H. M. FERGUSON, J. N. PRIVETT.

Commissioner's Notice.

Wm. P. Mellen, Trustee, and the United States and Others, against The New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company and Others.

HAVING been appointed by the Hon. Bland Ballard, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Kentucky, a Special Commissioner in the above style cause, to audit and make out a full and complete report to said Court of all bonds and coupons yet unpaid, secured by the first mortgage, and said all bonds and coupons due and unpaid, secured by the second mortgage of the said New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company, and to whom due, and the names of the holders thereto respectively:

Therefore, Notice is hereby given to all bond holders, as aforesaid, to come forward and present and file with me, as said Commissioner, at my office, in the city of Paducah and State of Kentucky, all bonds, being the first and second mortgage of said New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company and coupons thereto belonging and unpaid, on or before the second Monday in March, 1869.

W. H. JONES,

nov22 1m Special Commissioner.

DRY GOODS.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS! CHRISTMAS GIFTS!

BARGAINS IN SILKS!

BARGAINS IN POPLINS!

RICH VELVET CLOAKS!

RICH CLOTH CLOAKS!

Blankets! Blankets!

10-4 WHITE BLANKETS, $4 00 PER PAIR.

BOULEVARD BALMORAL SKIRTS.

MENKEN BROTHERS.

BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS,

LUMBER, SHINGLES,

LATH, DOORS,

BLINDS, SASH,

Cheap as cheapest. Orders from the country promptly filled.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.

nov22 3m Adams Street, Opposite Bradley Block.

The Oldest Dry Goods and Clothing House in Memphis Twenty-Two Years in the City!

J. D. MICKLE,

LATE OF MACK BROS. & BOHM,

—WITH—

WALKER BROTHERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, FANCY AND STAPLE,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,

NOTIONS AND FURNISHING GOODS,

And Manufacturers and Dealers in

Ready-Made Clothing

IN EVERY QUALITY. ALSO,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

329 Main St., Clay Building.

☞ Especial attention of Merchants and Dealers generally is called to examine ours, the Largest and Best Assorted Stock in this city. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in this city, or by any one this side of New York.

oc18 WALKER BROS. & CO.

HARTFORD INSURANCE AGENCY

No. 15 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

FIRE AND INLAND POLICIES PROMPTLY ISSUED & UPON EQUITABLE TERMS

DWELLING HOUSES INSURED AT VERY CHEAP RATES

Japital Represented, : : : : : $8,000,000 00

☞ Life and Accident Insurance, at Low Cash or Participating Rates, can be obtained, and Policies Granted from this Office.

STOCK OF GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

Consisting of a full line of Goods pertaining to the WATCH AND JEWELRY BUSINESS, including some

VERY CHOICE ARTICLES OF FANCY GOODS.

We would politely suggest to our customers that an EARLY CALL will enable them to make a more careful and choice selection, thus avoiding the crowd and inconvenience of the day before Christmas.

Merriman, Byrd & Co.,

Dealers in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Silver Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

275 Main Street, - - - Memphis, Tenn

FOR

GAS FIXTURES & PUMPS

—GO TO—

LUNN & MALLON,

No. 204 MAIN STREET.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,

COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

HANOVER BUILDINGS, - - HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK.

☞ Advance made on Shipments to Liverpool and London. oc24 1m

D. B. FORSTER. CHAS. W. KEALHOFER. THOS. DAY

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

209 Main Street, 4 Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn

sep17 3m

COTTON GINS

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of these unrivaled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where main power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.

Manufactured by

Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns, 322½ and 324 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

jy11 dawSm

TAILORS.

MURRAY & RIDGELY,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

31 Madison Street,

HAVE just received their magnificent and beautiful assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

The best and handsomest ever brought to the market. Our friends and the public will please accept our thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us. Hoping to merit a continuance of the same in the future, we invite them all to call and examine our stock.

We have engaged the services of Major J. H. RIDDICK, formerly of J. H. Waggener & Co.'s, and he will be pleased to see and wait on his numerous friends. sep18 3m

LAGER BEER

BY L. SCHNEPEL,

Corner Third and Webster Streets,

IN BARRELS, HALF BARREL

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, December 19, 1868.

FINANCE.

Gold opened in New York at 135¼, declined to 135, and closed at 135¼. The Grecian troubles are no doubt made use of to influence the gold market. Here we have no sales worthy of note. There was some speculative demand. Dealers buy at 134¼@135, and sell at 135¼@136.

The activity displayed in the cotton market, which was not looked for, or rather which some of our banks were not prepared for, has caused quite a close money market at the winding up of the week. More than one Madison street institution had to borrow from their more fortunate neighbors, and even then some of their checks have to be held over until Monday. While this is the case with some of our discount houses, there are others with whom currency is easy and who are anxious to get good Eastern bills. One National Bank wanted $100,000 at ½ dis. Another would have taken the same amount. Rates were as follows:

	Buying.	Selling
New York	¼ dis.	par@¼ dis.
New Orleans	¼ "	"
St. Louis	¼ "	"
Cincinnati	¼ "	"
Louisville	¼ "	"
New Orleans	¾ "	¼ prem.

City bonds are nominally unchanged. Holders ask 52@53c for paving bonds.

The inquiry for city scrip noticed yesterday has not yet caused any material change in quotations. Dealers offer 80c, and sell at 82@83c.

County warrants are steady at 76@ buying; selling at 78@80c.

Police scrip firm. Buying at 94@95c; selling at 96@98c.

According to the report of the Comptroller of the Currency, the whole amount of bonds deposited in the Treasury to secure the National Bank circulation is $342,019,950. The amount of circulation issued is $309,915,165; and the amount in actual circulation is $299,306,568. Of the amount issued Ohio has $18,667,750; Indiana, $11,169,055; Illinois, $8,777,650; making a total for the three States of $39,614,455, while of the three New England States, Massachusetts has $58,581,030; Rhode Island $32,676,620; Connecticut, $17,800,625—being a total of $89,058,285. Massachusetts alone, it will be seen, has nearly fifty millions more currency than Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, combined. Massachusetts has two hundred and seven banks, with a capital of over eighty millions, and the three Western States named have two hundred and eighty-four banks, with a capital of a little over forty seven millions. The whole number of National Banks organized in the United States was 1685, of which fifty six have failed, or wound up, leaving 1629 in operation.

The New York banks having Western and Southern connections lost all their bank currency some days ago, through remittances to those sections, and now their legal tenders are closely drawn down, so that they are not in position to sustain any further material drain; yet the remittances to St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, Milwaukee and the Southern centers were this week fully up to those of last week. The banks generally are low in the smaller denominations of legal tenders, and have of late relied upon the Assistant Treasurer to furnish them. That officer received advices from Washington stating that the Treasurer would put himself in condition to exchange small notes for large ones

COTTON.

The Liverpool market was buoyant at the opening to-day. Uplands 10½; Orleans 10¾. The 12 m. dispatch read as follows: "The Greek troubles cause a decline in values." At the close it was firmer. Sales 15 000 bales; Uplands on spot, 10¾@10¾; Orleans 10¾@11; Uplands to arrive 10¾.

The New York market opened unchanged in every respect. At 10:45 a. m the demand was fair and prices firm. At noon it was the same. At 2:10 p. m. the demand was fair and prices firm; Uplands 25¼@25¾. At 2:45 p. m. the demand was good and prices tending upward; Uplands 25¼@25¾, and closed firm at these quotations.

The New Orleans market at 11:30 a. m. was active a full prices; Middlings 23@23½. At 2:15 p. m. the market was buoyant. Sales 8000 bales; Middlings 23 @23½.

Our market was active, and the Liverpool noon dispatch which announced the "Grecian bend" in that market, did not scare holders here "worth a cent." Full prices were obtained during the day. A large proportion of the cotton now being purchased is said to be for carrying "short" sales in New York, but there are also spinners' orders here to a fair amount. We learn that over 1000 bales were purchased in New Orleans to-day on Memphis account. Prices here will induce much of the crop which in the earlier part of the season went to New Orleans to be sent to this market. Cotton from along the line of the Mississippi Central R. R. arrived here to-day, and we have no doubt that a very large proportion of the cotton now remaining along the line of this road will yet come here, notwithstanding the large discrimination which the road makes against Memphis. Among the sales to-day were:

Ordinary	13	bales at 22
Good Ordinary	8 9 47 19	" 23
	10	" 23½
Low Middlings	58, 90½, 6, 23, 7, 80½	" 24
	35½, 10½	" 24½
	140	" 25
Middlings	50	" 25½
	8, 42, 50, 22, 8, 17, 60, 15, 30	" 25¾
Strict Middlings	1	" 26
Good Middlings	1, 15, 26	" 26½
	9, 1, 1, 4	" 26¾
	9, 1	" 27

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, December 19, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,523	
Received previously	115,578	117,101
		117,148
Exported to-day	674	
Exported previously	108,961	109,594
Stock on hand at 12 m		7,554
Week's receipts	9,005	
" Exports	9,226	

We also note a sale of 300 bales for January delivery, (seller's option,) upon a basis of 23c for Middlings. By the agreement between buyer and seller, no cotton under Low Middlings are to be taken, but any grade from Low Middlings up shall be accepted.

TRADE.

The orders filled to day for shipment to the interior were somewhat out of the regular line, embracing more of the luxuries of life than those going out on other Saturdays. Our dealers in fancy goods for the holidays have been doing an excellent business during the week, and long into the night their employes have been busy packing and marking for shipment. The meat market tends upward daily, and salt meats advance ½ to every twenty-four hours. Hogs are in demand at all the principal packing points, and prices are very stiff, having advanced materially since the killing season set in.

Horses and mules are beginning to come South, and in a few weeks we may look for several fine droves in this market. It is expected that the demand will be very good, as the planters will generally extend their cotton fields for the next season.

The committee, consisting of Geo. Hibben, Henry H. Adams and B. Lowenthal, appointed by the wholesale tobacconists and grocers of Chicago, and who also represent the trade in other parts of the State of Illinois and the States of Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Indiana, Missouri, Nebraska and Ohio, to endeavor to induce Congress to furnish stamps for all tax-paid tobacco and cigars on hand July 1, have not been able to accomplish fully the objects for which they went to Washington, owing to the short time allowed them between the time of their arrival and the adjournment of Congress, but have succeeded in getting a bill passed by both Houses extending the time in which to dispose of unstamped fine cut and smoking tobacco until February 15, which is a success, inasmuch as it gives forty-five days' extra time in which to dispose of goods on hand, and will also give full opportunity to bring the matter up again when the Pennsylvania bill is reported in January.

GENERAL MARKETS.

APPLES—Fair supply at $1 50@4 per barrel for cooking and choice table grades.

BEANS—Good supply of all kinds. Navy dull at $2 00@2 50 per bush.; Mexican $2 00@3 00; Common, 90@$1 50; Choice white and mixed.

BUTTER—Fair to choice. Western and mixed. Choice Eagle now, at 40 to 45c; Choice Goodrich, 50c.

BRANDY—Stock ample for the demand. Holders ask $2 50@3 00 a gallon for choice.

BAGGING—Stock ample for trade and demand light. Prices are irregular, light weights Kentucky, 18½; 1¾ lbs heavy, 19@21c.

BULK MEATS—Stock ample for the demand but prices are drooping somewhat as well as everything. Our quotations are lower in proportion than any others. We quote clear rib sides 15¾@16c: Clear rib 14@15¾; clear sides 14¾@15c; Sugar-cured Shoulders 13¾@13c; Hams 16@16½c.

BACON—Stock of choice. Quotations nominally 17 18c for Clear sides.

BEE WAX—We have no change to report. Price ranges selling at 30c.

CABBAGES—The supply is good stock, and prices are firm at $2@2 50 per 100.

CHEESE—Scarce and prices are stiff. Factory, 18@19c; English Dairy, 24@26c; Western Reserve, 22@23; English Goshen, 19@20c.

COFFEE—There is a very good demand, and holders are quite firm. We quote Common to Choice Rio at 24@27c, in lots of 10 to 25 sacks; Java, 36 38c.

CORNMEAL—Price is lower. Fresh $2 75@3 per bbl., as to amount.

CORN—Fair stock on hand. A sound lot on levee would not sell at over 80c. Selling from store by dry road at 75c.

DRIED FRUITS—Very little coming in. Dried Apples, 7@8c; Peaches 8@10c.

EGGS—Fair receipts for the past day or two. Selling at 40c.

FLOUR—Fancy brands are very dull but all low grades are scarce and in good demand. Low superfine is held at $6 50@7 00; Single Extra $7@7 50; Fancy Extras $8@8 50.

GAME—Very little coming in. Venison, 7@8c all round; seldom offered. Wild turkeys $1@2. Wild Geese $1@1 50. Ducks $1 00@2 25. Quails $2@2 25; Squirrels $2 00@2 25.

HAY—Choice in demand at $2@2 25. Prime from store at $2@2 25.

HIDES—Green $5@6. Salt 10@11c; Dry Salt 19c; Dry Flint 21c; Deer Skins, green, 12½@16c; dry 25@30.

HOGS—Live Hogs are scarce at 7@7½c. Dressed are in fair demand at 11c.

IRON TIES—There is a fair stock on hand with light demand. Selling at 7¾@8c, as to style of tie.

LARD—Light stock. City rendered in kegs 17¾@18c; Prime Leaf. Country in tierces 16@17c.

LIME—Cape and Alabama, $2@2 25; outside brands, $1 75@2.

MESS PORK—There is but a light demand. We quote at $22@23 50 in a small way.

MOLASSES—The market is very firm and prices are tending upwards. Common to choice Louisiana in barrels 70@80c; in half barrels 5c higher; ten gallon kegs 90@$1 00.

PACKAGES—In good demand. No. 1 in lots $2 70@2 75; No 2, $2 40@2 50; No 3, $2 10@2 20.

NAILS—Large stock. Rates $5 10@5 25.

ONIONS—Choice are firm at $6 per barrel.

ORANGES—Firm and in good demand at $5@5 50 per barrel.

OATS—A small sale was made from flatboat at 85c. Held in store at 65@70c in lots.

POULTRY—Supply is in demand. Turkeys in demand at 20@25; Geese $7 00@8; Ducks $1 00@2 25. Quails $2@2 25; Squirrels $2 00@2 25.

RAT—Choice in demand at $2@2 25. Prime from store at $2@2 25.

RICE—Fair stock. New Carolina, 11@12c Louisiana, 9@10c.

ROPE—No demand—nominally 7@8c per lb.

SUGARS—Market very firm and in demand active. We quote Common 11@12c; Fair 12¾@13c; Prime 13¾@14c; Choice 14¾@15c; Crushed and Powdered 16@17c.

SALT—Very good stock. Prices have fallen to $1 20; from store at $1 50@1 60. In sacks, coarse, $1 50@2 75; fine, $2 75 delivering; $3 from store.

SHOT—Very little demand. Held at $2@3 per bag. Lead, 8@9c.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5@6.

TOBACCO—The stock is of medium assortment. Tobaccos is large, and prices accordingly with good demand.

TALLOW—Fair receipts.

WHISKY—Market firm and active. We quote Bourbon, $1 60@1 65; Proof Whisky, $1 42½@1 45; Common, 90@$1; Domestic Bourbon, $1 00@1 15; Bourbo., $1 00@.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, December 19.—Money—Gold Tenbonses 6% @6%. Money is easier; loans are made at 7 per cent. in currency. The discount is unchanged, and the stock is coming in. The bank statement is not favorable, one loss in legal tenders and no change as was expected, and on the whole was not well received. The decrease in legal tenders was $1 000 000 shipments 8 mill. and the difference between the two is to be made up out of the banks, which would leave a loss of about $3,000,000. The loans have lost $3,000,000, the deposits $2,000,000. Specie gain, $200,000. Circulation declined 0 35, advanced 0 08, and remained stationary 0 08. Specie gains from Europe, and closed at 8½c.

Cotton—A trifle firmer; sales 32 000 bales; Uplands 25¾c; Orleans 25¾c; Mobile 25¾c; Texas 25¾c; Florida 25¾c; Sea Island 45@60c; Gulf 35@40c; Stock 180,000 bales; receipts 1,000 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,000 bales; to France 1,000 bales; to the North of Europe 1,000 bales; coastwise 1,000 bales; sales to-day 2,000 bales; Uplands 25¾c; Orleans 25¾c; net receipts 1,000 bales; gross 2,000 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,000 bales; to France 1,000 bales; to the North of Europe 1,000 bales; coastwise 1,000 bales; stock 180